# Appendix A

List of WWTPs

## **APPENDIX A – Houston Wastewater TPDES/NPDES Permits**

NAME	TPDES#	EPA ID#
69th Street WWTP	10495-090	TX0096172
Almeda Sims WWTP	10495-003	TX0034924
Beltway WWTP	10495-111	TX0065307
Cedar Bayou WWTP	10495-112	TX0103667
Chocolate Bayou WWTP	10495-009	TX0063061
Clinton Park WWTP	10495-010	TX0035106
Easthaven WWTP	10495-065	TX0034886
FWSD # 23 WWTP	10495-016	TX0063053
Forest Cove WWTP	10495-149	TX0115924
Greenridge WWTP	10495-110	TX0026433
Homestead WWTP	10495-023	TX0063029
Imperial Valley WWTP	10495-101	TX0020478
Intercontinental Airport WWTP	10495-078	TX0034916
Keegans Bayou WWTP	10495-119	TX0098191
Kingwood Central WWTP	10495-146	TX0066583
Kingwood West WWTP (frm. MUD # 48)	10495-142	TX0088501
MUD # 203 WWTP	10495-133	TX0084875
Metro Central WWTP (frm. 10495-136)	10495-152	TX0069736
Northbelt WWTP	10495-122	TX0103721
Northeast WWTP	10495-077	TX0063037
Northgate WWTP	10495-100	TX0055310
Northwest WWTP	10495-076	TX0063011
Park Ten WWTP	10495-135	TX0026395
Sagemont WWTP	10495-075	TX0063070
Sims Bayou North WWTP	10495-002	TX0062201
Sims Bayou South WWTP	10495-002	TX0105058
Southeast WWTP	10495-079	TX0035009
Southwest WWTP	10495-037	TX0062995
Tidwell Timbers WWTP	10495-148	TX0101460
Turkey Creek WWTP	10495-109	TX0035017
Upper Brays WWTP	10495-116	TX0088153
WCID # 111 WWTP	10495-095	TX0027201
WCID # 47 WWTP	10495-050	TX0063045
WCID # 76 WWTP	10495-150	TX0025291
West District WWTP	10495-030	TX0063002
West Lake Houston WWTP	14650-001	TX0128244
Westway WWTP	10495-139	TX0026875
White Oak WWTP	10495-099	TX0057347
Willowbrook WWTP	10495-126	TX0113131

# Appendix B

Early Action Projects

Lift Station Early Action Projects

Project Name	Project	Number of LS	Updated Timeframe
1 Toject Name	Description	Impacted	for Completion of
	Description	Impacted	Construction
Lift Station		1	
Renewal and		1	2020
Replacement			
Woodway #1	Lift station		
	upgrade to		
	receive flow from		
	Post Oak,		
	Stablewood,		
	Buckingham, and		
	Bayou Timber Lift		
	Station		
Lift Station		2	Complete
Renewal and			
Replacement			
Hunterwood	Replace of Lift		
MUD	Station		
Northbrook	Pump, mechanical		
	and structural		
	remediation.		
Lift Station		3	2020
Renewal and			
Replacement			
'			
Greens Bayou	Rehab Lift Station		
Crossing #3			
Fir Ridge	Diversion to		
	Sunny Glen LS		
	23, 3.611 23		
Parker Rd	Electrical and		
I dikei ka	odor control		
	upgrades		

Lift Ctation		1	2020
Lift Station		4	2020
Renewal and			
Replacement			
Tidwell Road	Dahah Lift Ctation		
	Rehab Lift Station		
#1	Dalada Life Ceasian		
Iroquois	Rehab Lift Station		
West Canino	Rehab Lift Station		
Road			
John Alber	Rehab Lift Station		
	Kellab Liit Station		
Road		2	2022
Lift Station		2	2023
Renewal and			
Replacement			
MUD #237	Abandonment		
10100 #237	and flow diversion		
	and now diversion		
MUD #159-	Abandonment		
101010 #133-	and flow diversion		
	and now diversion		
Lift Station		3	2023
Renewal and		J	2023
Replacement			
Періасстісті			
MacGregor	Rehab Lift Station		
Way North #1			
,			
Magnet	Replace Lift		
	Station		
Westpark #1	Rehab Lift Station		
, , , , ,			
<u> </u>	1	l	l .

Lift Station		4	2022
Renewal and			
Replacement			
replacement			
F: II	D		
Findlay	Rehab Lift Station		
Garden Villas	Rehab Lift Station		
Goodyear	Rehab Lift Station		
Goodycai	incliab Lift Station		
	- 1 1		
Reveille	Rehab Lift Station		
Lift Station		3	2022
Renewal and			
Replacement			
Interwood	Abandonment		
	and flow diversion		
MUD #266	Abandonment		
1000 11200	and flow diversion		
	and flow diversion		
Vickery	Abandonment		
	and flow diversion		
Lift Station		5	2023
Renewal and			2020
Replacement			
East Park Ten	Replace Lift		
	Station		
Mayou Boad	Rehab Lift Station		
Maxey Road	VEHAD FILL STATION		
Mesa Drive	Rehab Lift Station		
Westmont	Rehab Lift Station		
North Shore	Ungrado fram		
Mortii Shore	Upgrade from		
	10.8 MGD to 12.8		
	MGD		
L		l	

Lift Station Renewal and Replacement		4	2023
High Star	Replace lift station		
WCID #78	Rehab lift station		
Belle Park #1	Rehab lift station		
WCID #94	Replace lift station		
Lift Station Renewal and Replacement		2	2022
Eddington	Replacement of Lift Station		
Brock	Submersible Conversion		
Lift Station Renewal and Replacement		4	2022
Ayreshire	Rehab Lift Station		
Brompton	Rehab Lift Station		
Bradford	Rehab Lift Station		
Kirby Drive #2	Rehab Lift Station		
Lift Station Renewal and Replacement		2	2024
Kirby Drive #1	Abandonment and flow diversion		
Westridge	New Regional Lift Station and abandonment and flow diversion of existing LS		

Lift Station Renewal and Replacement		1	2024
Main Street S.	Abandonment and flow diversion		
Lift Station Renewal and Replacement		6	2022
MacGregor #2	Rehab Lift Station		
Eppes	Replace Lift Station		
Kellogg	Rehab Lift Station		
Scott #2	Rehab Lift Station		
Glengyle	Rehab Lift Station		
WCID #73	Rehab Lift Station		
Lift Station Renewal and Replacement		6	2023
Green River Dr	Abandonment and flow diversion		
Bretshire #2 No. 2	Rehab Lift Station		
Bayfield UD	Rehab Lift Station		
Highland Meadow	Rehab Lift Station		
Hempstead #1	Rehab Lift Station		
Ferguson Way	Rehab Lift Station		

Lift Station		2	2021
Renewal and			
Replacement			
,			
Willie	Replace Lift		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Station		
Dockal	Station		
DOCKAI	Submersible		
	Conversion		
Clinton Drive		1	2021
Lift Station			
Improvement			
S			
	1. Replacement of		
	electric		
Clinton Drive	equipment		
#2	including but not		
112	limited to the		
	existing service		
	feeders,		
	transformers,		
	MCC equipment,		
	breakers, control		
	panels,		
	Scada/Instrument		
	ation equipment.		
	2. Provide		
	provisions for a		
	full redundant		
	power source and		
	associated		
	transformers and		
	switching		
	components to		
	operate lift station		
	reliably at its full		
	capacity.		
	3. Update all		
	electrical,		
	instrumentation		
	and Scada		
	systems to the		
	'		
	latest city of		
	Houston design		
	standards.		

Lift Station Renewal and Replacement		6	2024
MacGregor #3	Rehab Lift Station		
Gilpin	Rehab Lift Station		
West Orem	Rehab Lift Station		
Quail View	Rehab Lift Station		
Hillcroft	Rehab Lift Station		
Wheeler	Rehab Lift Station		
Lift Station Renewal and Replacement		5	2023
Northboroug h Dr. #1	Rehab Lift Station		
	Rehab Lift Station		
Northboroug h Dr. #2	Rehab Lift Station		
Old Katy Rd.	Rehab Lift Station		
Richmond #1	Rehab Lift Station		
Bonner Rd.			
Lift Station Renewal and Replacement		2	2024
Alief Village	Abandonment and flow diversion		
Belle Park #2	Abandonment and flow diversion		

FY 19 Lift Station Renewal and Replacement:		6	2026
Bintliff Gessner #1 Gessner #2 Park Ten #2 Farther Point	Condition assessment and evaluation for possible rehab, replacement,		
Willowbend	relocation or consolidation.		
FY 20 Lift Station Renewal and Replacement		5	2028
MUD #175-1	Rehab Lift Station		
West Court Dr	Rehab Lift Station		
Sherwood Oaks	Rehab Lift Station		
N.E. Sludge Transfer	Rehab Lift Station		
Green Dolphin	Rehab Lift Station		
FY 20 Lift Station Renewal and Replacement		5	2028
Braeswood N	Rehab Lift Station		
Post Oak #2	Rehab Lift Station		
Bissonnet #4	Rehab Lift Station		
Brooklet	Rehab Lift Station		
Synott Rd. #1	Rehab Lift Station		
FY 21 Lift Station Renewal and Replacement	Condition assessment and evaluation for possible rehab, replacement, relocation or consolidation.	6	2029

FY 21 Lift Station Renewal and Replacement	Condition assessment and evaluation for possible rehab, replacement, relocation or consolidation.	5	2029
FY 22 Lift Station Renewal and Replacement	Condition assessment and evaluation for possible rehab, replacement, relocation or consolidation.	6	2030
FY 22 Lift Station Renewal and Replacement	Condition assessment and evaluation for possible rehab, replacement, relocation or consolidation.	6	2030

### Force Main Early Action Projects

Project Name	Project	Approximate	Updated Timeframe for
	Description	Feet of Pipe	Completion
			(Fiscal Year)
Force main		2,411	2022
Renewal and	18" FM	_,	2022
Replacement	renewal with		
	CIPP		
Stroud			
Force Main		21 741	2022
Renewal and		21,741	2022
Replacement			
Bayfield	12,211 LF 12"		
	&14" CIPP or		
	HDPE lining		
Bretshire #2	3,118 LF of		
	24" CIPP or		
	HDPE lining		
Woodland	3,370LF of		
Ridge	10" CIPP or HDPE lining		
	TIDEL IIIIII		
Forest Shores	3,042LF of 8"		
	CIPP or HDPE		
	lining		
Force Main		16,563	2024
Renewal and		10,505	2021
Replacement			
Annunciation	Install new		
	13,192 LF of		
Danner Daari	16" FM		
Banner Road	Install new		
	2,961LF of		
Plum Creek	18" FM		
	Replace 410		
	LF of 6" FM		
Force Main		2,810	2019
Renewal and		2,010	2013
Replacement			
Woodsman Trail	Replacement		
ı ı a ıı	of 2,810 LF of 12" FM		

Project Name	Project	Approximate	Updated
	Description	Feet of Pipe	Timeframe for Completion
			(Fiscal Year)
Force Main Renewal and Replacement		11,997	2024
Eldridge Parkway	Replace 5,765 LF of 12" FM with 3,878 LF of 24" gravity line		
Beechnut	Replace 3,719 LF of 12" FM		
West Orem	Replace 2,513 LF of 20"FM		
Force Main Renewal and Replacement		3,180	2022
Golf Course	Replacement of 3,180 LF 20" FM		
Force main Renewal and Replacement		3,959	2022
Tanya Circle	Replace 3,284 LF of 10" FM		
Old Stone Trail	Replace 675 LF of 8" FM		
Force Main Renewal and Replacement		11,520	2023
Sleepy Hollow	Replace 11,000 LF 18" FM with 36" gravity line		
Telephone Road #1	Replace 520 LF 8" FM		

Project Name	Project	Approximate	Updated
	Description	Feet of Pipe	Timeframe for
			Completion
			(Fiscal Year)
FY 19 Force		TBD	2026
Main			
Renewal:	For the state of		
Bay Area	Evaluation and possible		
Belle Park #3	renewal or		
Highland	replacement		
Meadow	of all or part		
	of the listed		
	force mains.		
Fauca Martin		TDD	2024
Force Main Renewal and		TBD	2024
Replacement			
Gulf Freeway	Evaluation		
#2	and possible		
	renewal or		
	replacement		
	of all or part of the listed		
	force mains.		
FY 21- Force	Evaluation	TBD	2028
Main	and possible		
Renewal and	renewal or		
Replacement	replacement		
	of all or part of the listed		
	force mains.		
FY 22- Force	Evaluation	TBD	2029
Main	and possible		
Renewal and	renewal or		
Replacement	replacement		
	of all or part of the listed		
	force mains.		
FY 23- Force	Evaluation	TBD	2030
Main	and possible		
Renewal and	renewal or		
Replacement	replacement of all or part		
	of the listed		
	force mains.		

## **Consolidation Early Action Projects**

Project Name	Project Description	Number of LS Impacted	Approximate Feet of Pipe	Updated project completion Timeframe
37 MGD Northgate Regional Lift Station and Force Main	Construct a regional lift station of capacity 37 MGD and two force mains to discharge location at Green Road and Hardy Toll Road Intersection	1	9,500 LF of 24" and 30" FM	2023
Diversion and Abandonment of Kirkwood #3 Lift Station	Divert the flow from Kirkwood #3 LS to a newly constructed Harvest Moon by gravity sewer. Demolish Kirkwood #3 LS. Upgrade on Harvest Moon to 21.3 MGD	2	5,500 LF of 42" sewer	2023
West Belfort No. 2 and Fondren Meadow Lift Station Rehab	rehabilitation of West Belfort #2 and Fondren Meadow lift stations.	2	N/A	2022
Willow Meadow Rehab	rehabilitation of Willow Meadow, lift station	1	N/A	2023
Construction of Fountain View (regional) Lift Station,	Replacement of Westheimer #1 LS by a new LS at Fountain View and Skyline	2	4,200 LF of 48" sewer 4,900 LF of 36" FM	2022
Facilities Consolidation – Chelford City Diversion Package 1 – Segment 2	Construct 60" sewer along Westpark Drive from Alief Central LS site to Dairy Ashford Road	1	5,700 LF of 60" Sewer	2023

Project Name	Project Description	Number of LS Impacted	Approximate Feet of Pipe	Updated project completion
Chelford City Diversion Package 1– Segment 1	Construct 60" sewer along Westpark Drive Drive from Dairy Ashford to Houston Center; tie to 108" sewer	N/A	4,637 LF of 60" sewer	Timeframe 2022
Abandonment of Bering LS and San Felipe LS.	Gravity diversion of the flow from San Felipe LS. and Bering LS and divert to a proposed 48-inch sewer to Fountain View	2	2,100 LF of 30" 210 LF of 36" 4,400 LF of 48"	2023
Chelford City Diversion Package 2 – West Hollow LS flow diversion	Diversion of West Hollow LS flow to the new Upper Brays 60" tunnel	1	2,480 LF of 15" 7,255 LF of 36"	2024
Chelford City Diversion Package 3 – Green Crest LS flow Diversion	Green Crest LS flow diversion to Upper Brays WWTP	1	6,825 LF of 24"	2024
North Corridor Consolidation Package 3 Imperial Valley WWTP flow diversion	Flow Diversion (36- inch gravity sewer line) from Imperial Valley WWTP to Northgate Regional LS.	1	10,220 LF of 36"	2026
North Corridor Consolidation Package 4 MUD #203 WWTP flow diversion	Flow diversion through a 36" Gravity Sewer from MUD #203 WWTP to Northgate Regional LS.	1	11,758 LF of 36"	2026
Flow Diversion from Tidwell Timber to FWSD 23	Construct a new lift station, force main, and gravity line for flow diversion from Tidewell Timber to FWSD 23.	1	7,665 LF of 12" FM 4,375 LF of 30" sewer 3,075 LF of 36" sewer	2025

Project Name	Project Description	Number of LS Impacted	Approximate Feet of Pipe	Updated project completion
Force Main from Sagemont Lift Station to Southeast WWTP for the flow diversion	Construct force main sewer for flow diversion from Sagemont WWTP to Southeast WWTP	1	TBD	Timeframe 2025
Flow Diversion from Easthaven to Southeast WWTP	Construct force main or gravity line for flow diversion.	TBD	TBD	2028
Easthaven, Gulfway, Gulf Freeway #2, Howard Drive Lift Stations	Easthaven: rehab Gulf Freeway #2: rehab Gulfway MUD: New trunk main to divert flow to Metro Central Howard Drive: Abandonment	4	8" FM 1,592 LF 6" FM 8,035 LF 30" sewer 6,866 LF	Complete
Consolidation of Post Oak, Stablewood, and Buckingham Lift Stations	New trunk main to divert flow from Post Oak, Stablewood and Buckingham LS to Woodway #1 Lift Station	3	N/A	2020
Replacement and consolidation of Harvestmoon, Dairy Ashford #1, and Hardy Temp. Lift Stations	Harvestmoon: Lift station replacement Dairy Ashford #1: New trunk main to divert flow to Harvestmoon lift station. Hardy Temp: Eliminate lift station.	3	N/A	2020
Willow Run WWTP, W. Mount Houston, and Rutherford Lift Stations	W. Mount Houston: New trunk main to divert flow. Rutherford: New trunk main to divert flow. Willow Run WWTP: New trunk main to divert flow to DePries Lift Station	3	N/A	Complete

Project Name	Project Description	Number of LS Impacted	Approximate Feet of Pipe	Updated project completion Timeframe
Wrightwood Tunnel	Design of 84" tunnel to divert flow of existing 60" sewer along Wrightwood to existing 90" tunnel.	N/A	~4,000 LF 84" sewer	2025
North Corridor Consolidation Package 1A Trunk Sewer	Design of a 4,000 LF of 54" (0.09% slope) sewer and 600 LF of 78" (0.049%) sewer from Aldine- Westfield @ Rankin Rd to HCFCD P155- 00-00	N/A	4,000 LF of 54" sewer 600 LF of 78" sewer	2020
North Corridor Consolidation Package 1B:	Design of a 5,800 LF of 54" Trunk Sewer from Hardy Airport Connector @ HCFCD P155-00-00 to Greens Rd.to receive the flow from the dual FM designed in R-536- 08-3	N/A	5,800 LF of 54" sewer	2021
Park Ten WWTP Abandonmen t and Flow Diversion to Turkey Creek WWTP	Design of gravity sewers to divert the flow from Park Ten WWTP to North Eldridge LS, which pumps to Turkey Creek	3	12,640 LF of 24" and 30" sewer 4,756 LF of 24" FM	2023

#### **WWTP PRIORITIES**

#### 69th Street WWTP

#### Repair/Replacement of Centrifuges

The original twenty-one centrifuges started operation in 1987. Since that initial startup, two units have been replaced in-kind. It is anticipated that, beginning in FY2022, the remaining original centrifuges will be replaced in-kind with new units. Construction should be complete by FY2024.

#### Repair/Replacement of Sludge Dryers

The flash dryers also started operation in 1987. One dryer was overhauled in 2003 and it is anticipated that key parts of the other six (6) units will be replaced. Rehabilitation of the dryers is anticipated to begin in FY2021 and be complete by FY2026.

#### New Cloth Media Filters

New cloth media filters will be installed, providing greater hydraulic capacity while not requiring replacement of the filter structure. The filters will be procured in fiscal year 2019. Construction is

scheduled to be complete by the end of FY2023.

### **Upper Brays WWTP**

Work at the Upper Brays WWTP to repair the aeration system at aeration basin #3 is completed; diffuser replacement in basin #1 and #2 is in progress. Construction is scheduled to be complete by FY2019.

#### Other WWTPs

There are other plants which have had effluent or other issues which will be addressed by priority projects. These WWTPs, and the proposed projects, are identified in the following table:

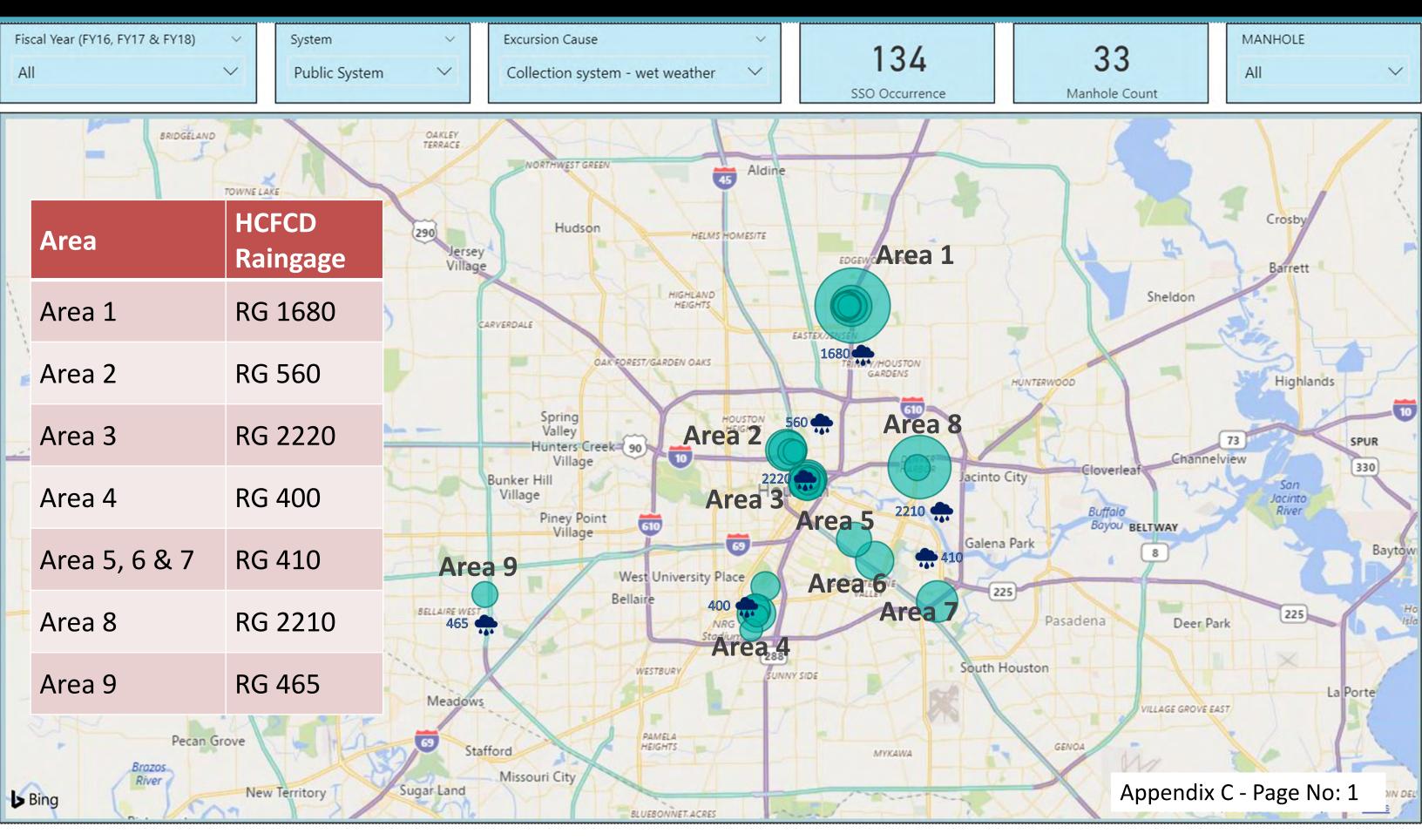
#### **WWTP Early Action Projects**

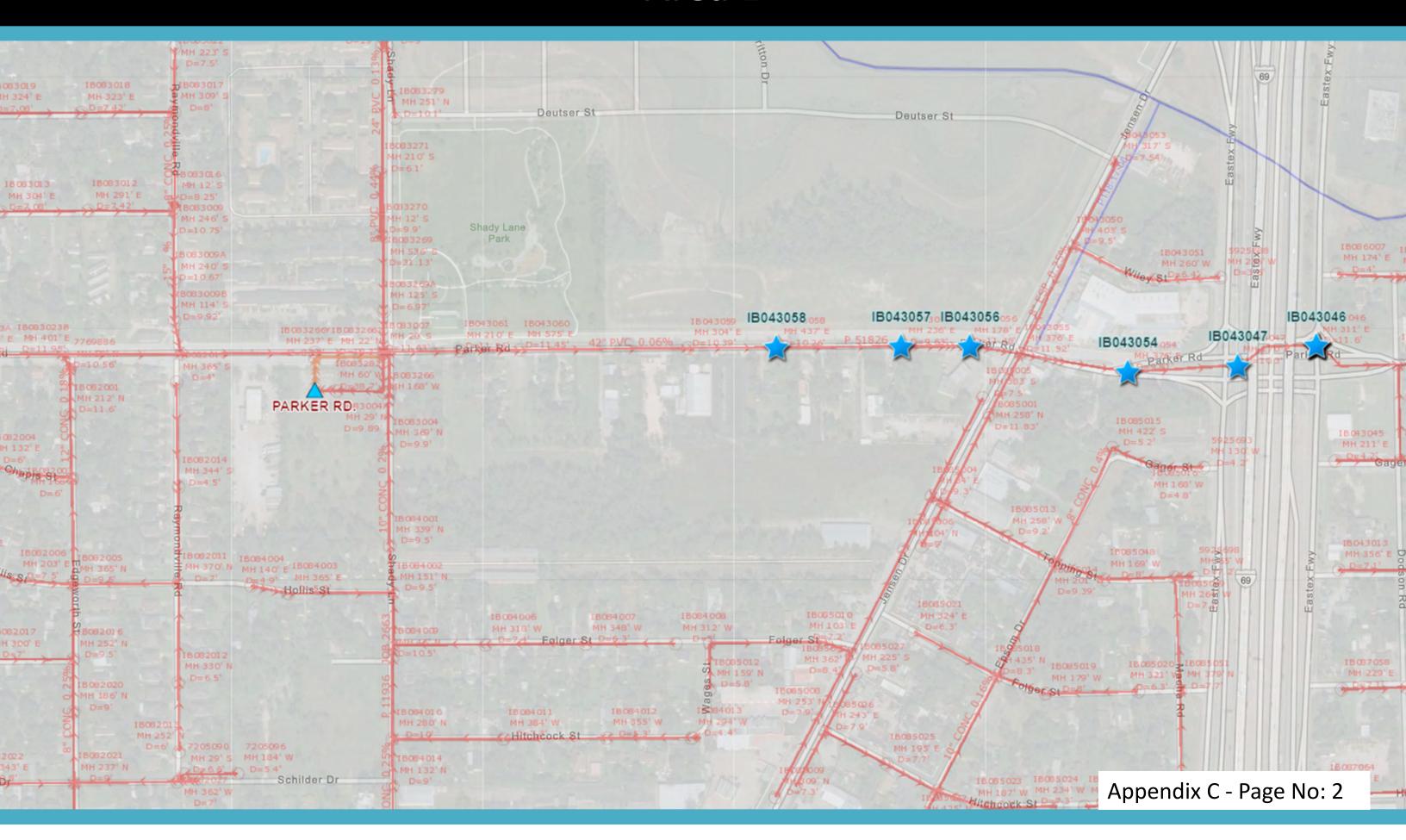
WWTP	Project	Completion Date
Almeda Sims	Blower Replacement & Addition of Clarifier No. 6	FY 2024
Greenridge	Basin Cleaning	FY 2021
Keegans Bayou	Grit Removal System Improvements	FY 2021
	Blower Improvements	FY 2020
	Disinfection Improvements	FY 2020
	Clarifier Rehabilitation	FY 2020
Metro Central	Blower Improvements Clarifier Rehabilitation	FY 2021
Southwest	Purge Blower, Mixer and Chlorine Contact Basin Improvements	FY2021
Kingwood Central	Post-aeration basin modifications	Being re- evaluated due to Harvey damage.
FWSD 23	Chlorine Contact Basin Improvements	Being re- evaluated due to Harvey damage.
Westway	Clarifier Improvements	FY 2021

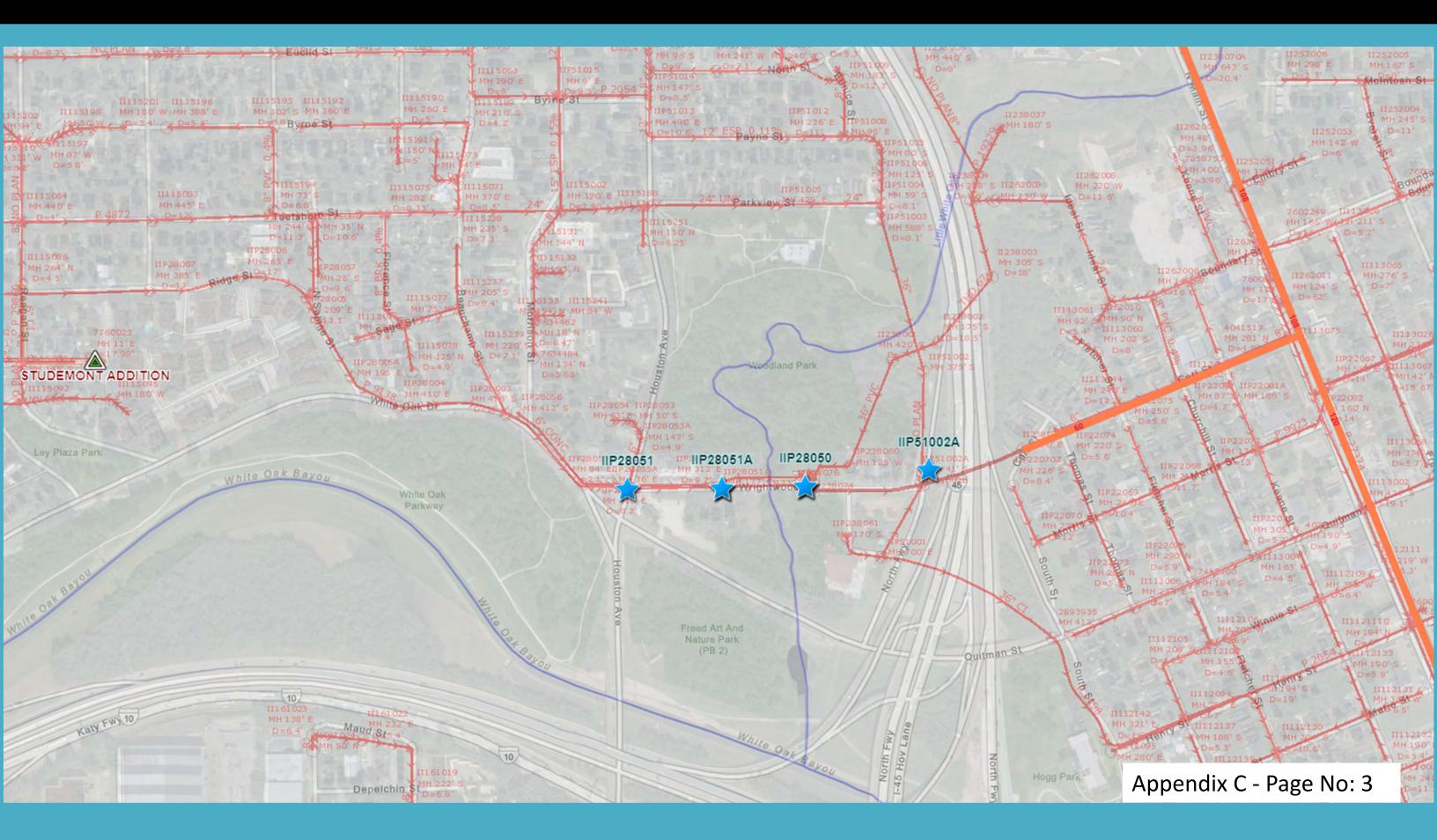
# Appendix C

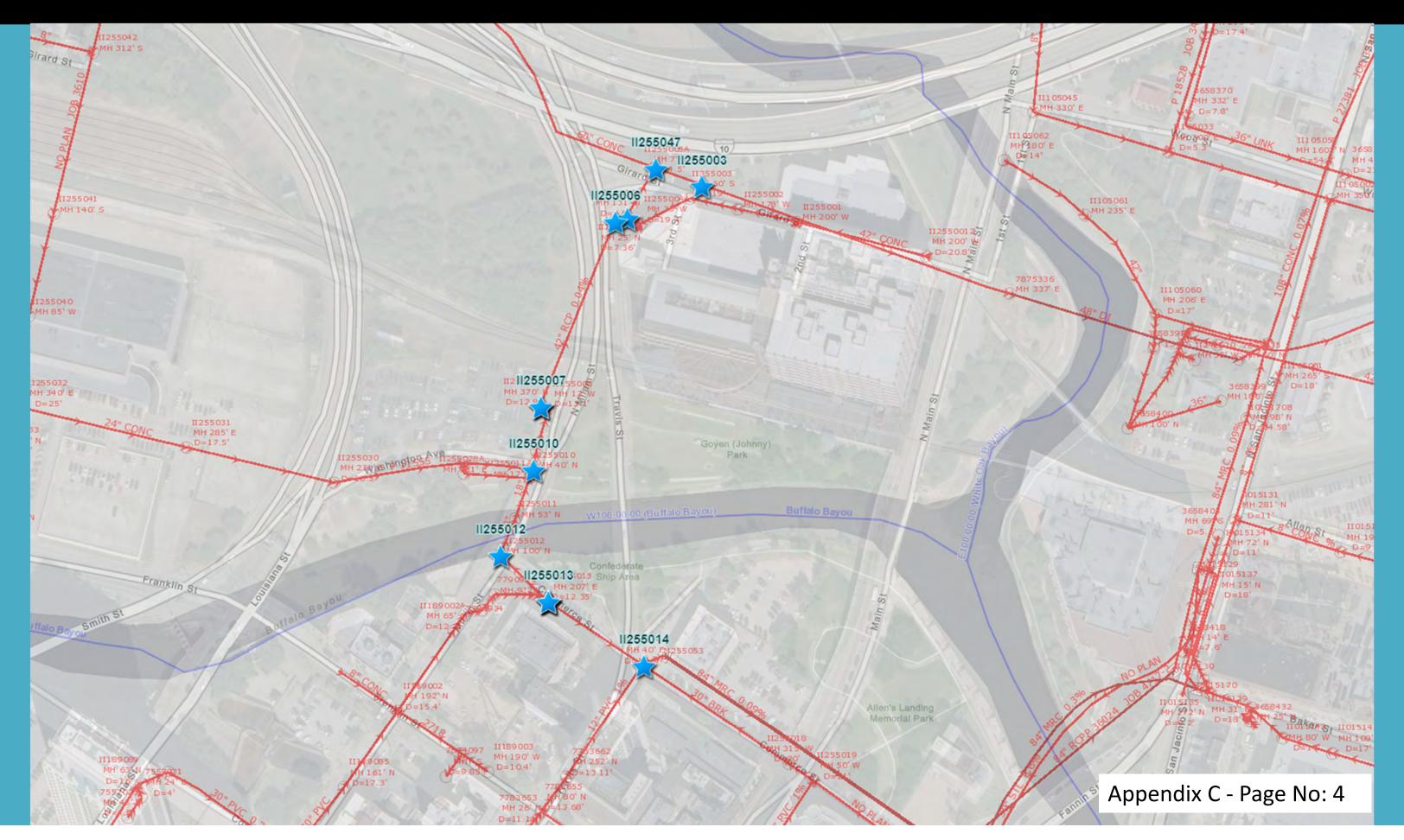
Description of 9 Areas for Capacity Remedial Measures Plan(s)

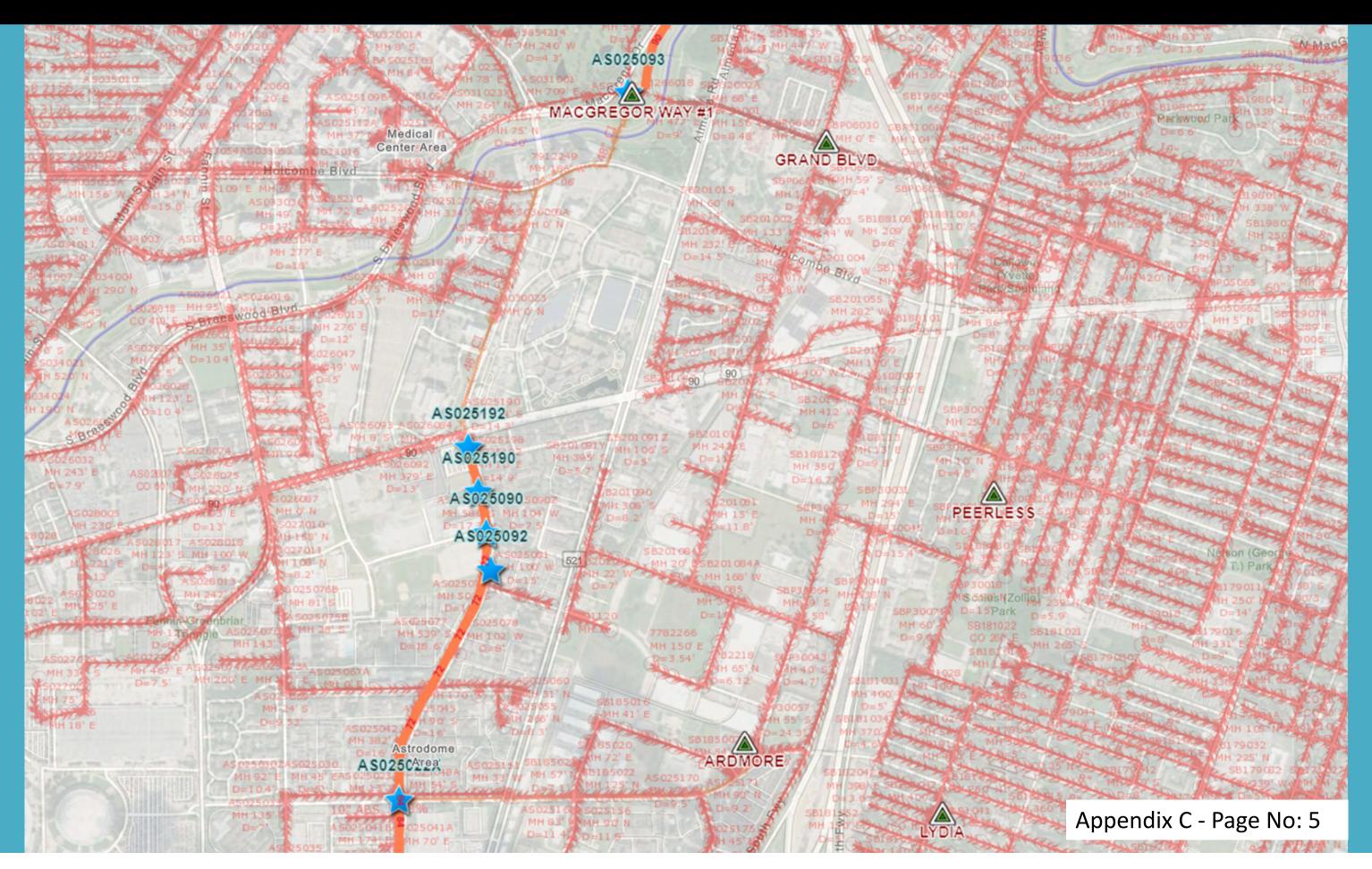
# Known Capacity Constraints (Wet Weather SSO FY16 to FY18 Evaluation)

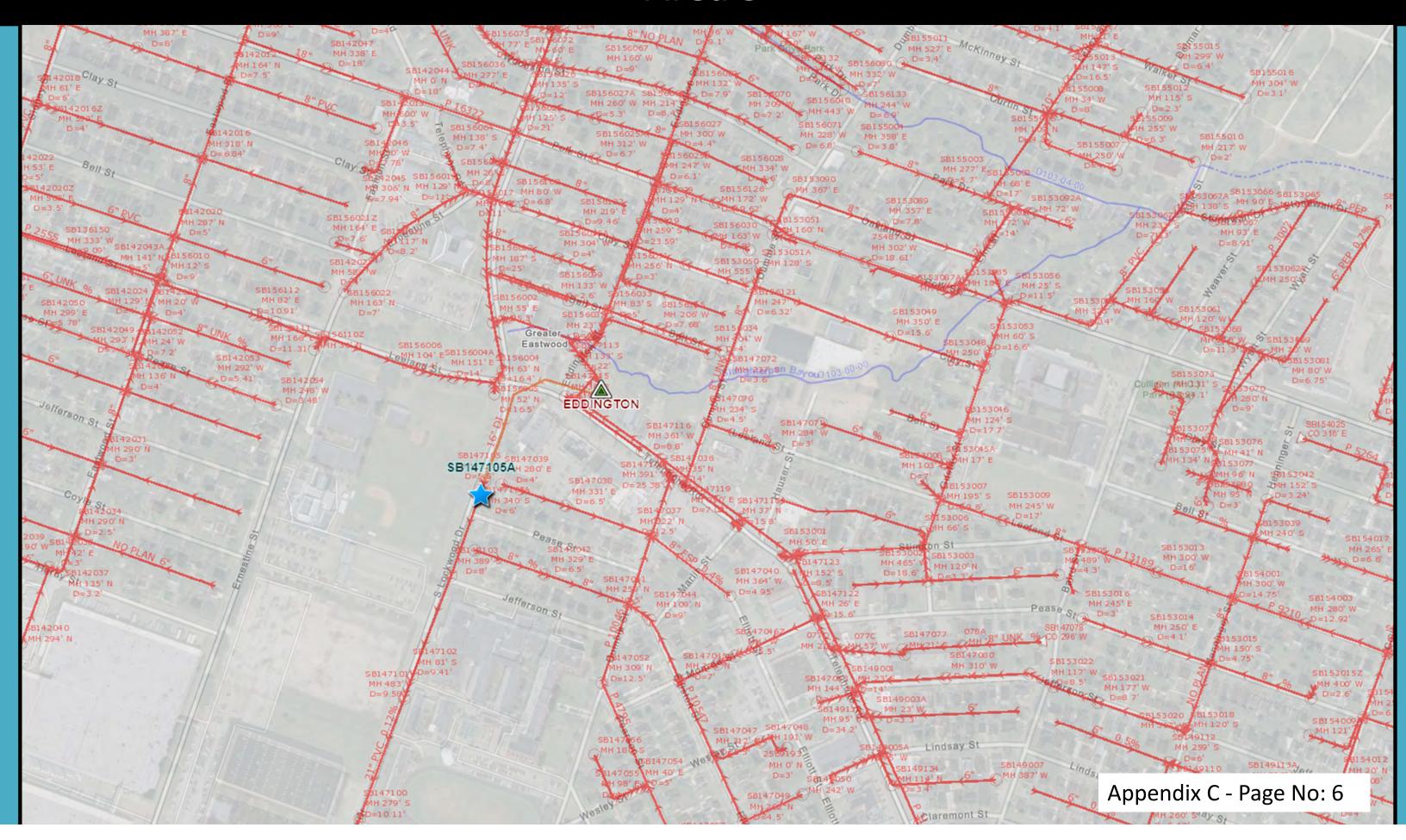






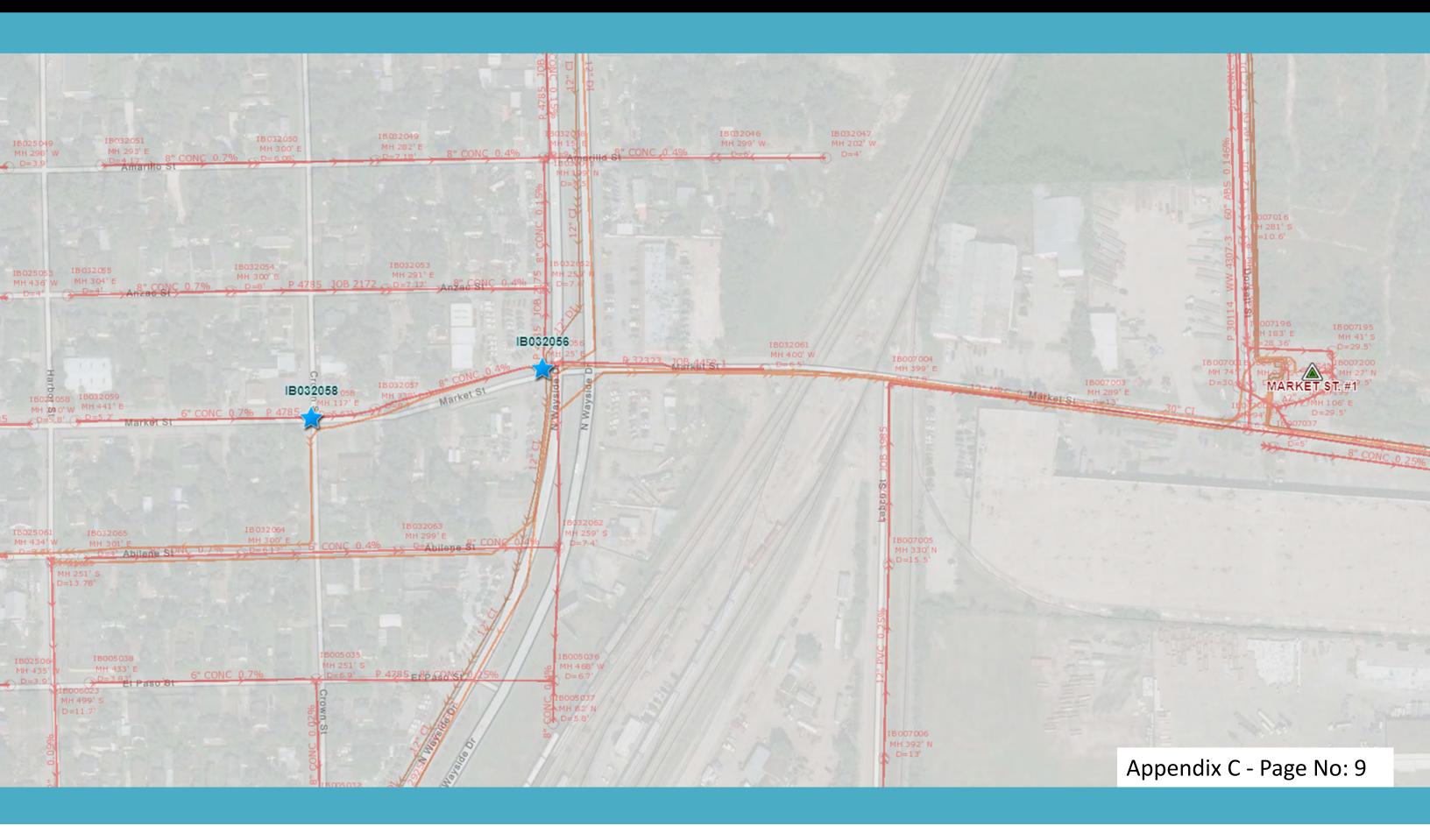


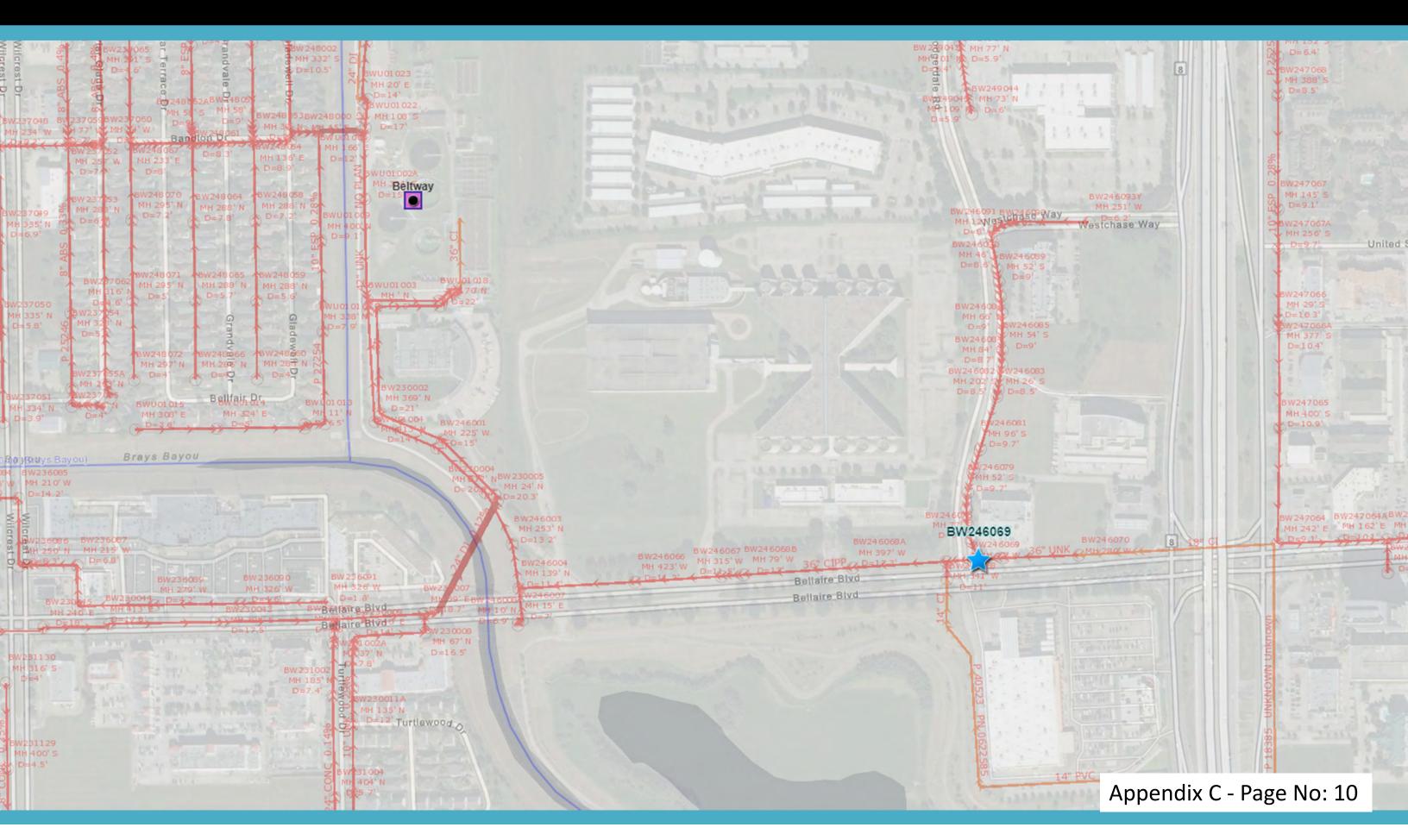












# Appendix D

Sewer Basin and Lift Station Prioritization Matrices

# **Sewer Basin Prioritization:**

	Relative Weightage for Different Parameters  Used for Sewer Basin Prioritization							
	Regulatory Level of Service							
Level 1 Relative Weights				40%				
	RSSO Public SSO Private SSO		Almost SSO	Repeat Stoppage	Stoppage	Repeat Odor	Odor	
Level 2 Relative Weights	50%	40%	10%	40%	30%	15%	10%	5%

# **Scoring Criteria for Sewer Basin Prioritization Parameters**

(Score: 0 to 5, 5 being the worst)

S. N.	Parameter	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	Repeat SSO (RSSO)	Normalized RSSO Count > 9.400	Normalized RSSO count > 4.050 to 9.400	Normalized RSSO count > 1.885 to 4.050	Normalized RSSO count > 1.130 to 1.885	Normalized RSSO count > 0.200 to 1.130	RSSO = 0
2	Public SSO	Normalized Public SSO count > 9.570	Normalized Public SSO count > 5.345 to 9.570	Normalized Public SSO count > 2.738 to 5.345	Normalized Public SSO count > 1.524 to 2.738	Normalized Public SSO count > 0 to 1.524	Public SSO count= 0
3	Private SSO	Normalized Private SSO count > 10.850	Normalized Private SSO count > 6.537 to 10.850	Normalized Public SSO count > 3.665 to 6.537	Normalized Public SSO count > 1.920 to 3.665	Normalized Public SSO count > 0 to 1.920	Private SSO count= 0
4	Almost SSO	Normalized Almost SSO count > 4.265	Normalized Almost SSO count > 3.412 to 4.265	Normalized Almost SSO count > 2.439 to 3.412	Normalized Almost SSO count > 1.813 to 2.439	Normalized Almost SSO count > 0.210 to 1.813	No Almost SSO
5	Repeat Stoppage	Normalized Value > 79.600	Normalized Value > 45.200 to 79.600	Normalized Value > 20.850 to 45.200	Normalized Value > 9.930 to 20.850	Normalized Value > 0.670 9.930	No Repeat Stoppage
6	Stoppage	Normalized Value > 33.400	Normalized Value >21.150 to 33.400	Normalized Value > 11.940 to 21.150	Normalized Value > 6.030 to 11.940	Normalized Value > 0.470 to 6.030	No Stoppage
7	Repeat Odor	Normalized Value >9.450	Normalized Value > 4.200 to 9.450	Normalized Value > 2.730 to 4.200	Normalized Value > 1.953 to 2.730	Normalized Value > 0.450 to 1.953	No Repeat Odor
8	Odor	Normalized Value >8.670	Normalized Value > 5.355 to 8.670	Normalized Value > 3.082 to 5.355	Normalized Value > 1.702 to 3.082	Normalized Value > 0.470 to 1.702	No Odor Complaint

# <u>Lift Station Prioritization (Risk-based):</u>

# Risk Score = Likelihood of Failure (LOF) x Consequence of Failure (COF)

## **Scoring Criteria for LOF Parameters (for Lift Station Prioritization)**

(Score: 1 to 5, 5 being the worst)

S. N.	Likelihood of Failure (LOF)	Relative Weight (abs)	5	4	3	2	1
1	Age	3	>= 31 yrs.	20 to 30 yrs.	15 to 19 yrs.	11 to 14 yrs.	10 yrs. or less
2	Structural Condition	2	Very Poor/ Require Replacement	Poor/ Require Rehabilitation	Moderate/ Require Significant Maintenance	Good/ Minor Defects	Excellent/ Very Good
3	Mechanical Condition	4	Very Poor/ Require Replacement	Poor/ Require Rehabilitation	Moderate/ Require Significant Maintenance	Good/ Minor Defects	Excellent/ Very Good
4	Electrical Condition	3	Very Poor/ Require Replacement	Poor/ Require Rehabilitation	Moderate/ Require Significant Maintenance	Good/ Minor Defects	Excellent/ Very Good
5	Capacity	2	Capacity Inadequate				Capacity adequate
5	Limitation	2	@ 10K GPAD				@ 10K GPAD
6	Site Property	1	High Risk				Low Risk
7	Facility Building	1	High Risk				Low Risk
8	Accessibility	1	High Risk				Low Risk
9	FIRM Capacity	1	FC > 5 MGD	FC >2.25 to 5 MGD	FC >0.5 to 2.25 MGD	FC > 0.25 to 0.5 MGD	FC <= 0.25 MGD
10	Design Safety	1	High Risk				Low Risk
11	Flood Zone	1	in Floodway	in 100-yr FP		in 500 yr FP	In Zone X

# **Scoring Criteria for COF Parameters (for Lift Station Prioritization)**

(Score: 1 to 5, 5 being the worst)

S. N.	Consequence of Failure (COF)	Relative Weight (abs)	5	4	3	2	1
1	Public Disruption	1	SA >580 ac	SA=> 281 to 580	SA=> 141 to 280	SA=> 61 to 140	SA<= 60
2	Customer Odor Complaints	1	No of odor complaint =>7	No of odor complaint = 6	No of odor complaint = 4 to 5	No of odor complaint = 3	No of odor complaint <=2
3	Number of Upstream Lift Stations	1	No of US LS =>2		No of US LS =1		No of US LS =0
4	Work Order History	3	No. of WO in 3-yrs =>18	No. of WO in 3-yrs =16 to 17	No. of WO in 3-yrs =14 to 15	No. of WO in 3-yrs =12 tp 13	No. of WO in 3-yrs <12
5	Lift Station Related SSOs	3	No. of SSO in 3-yrs =>14	No. of SSO in 3-yrs =11 to 13	No. of SSO in 3-yrs = 8 to 10	No. of SSO in 3-yrs =5 to 7	No. of SSO in 3-yrs<5
6	Repair Cost	2	Motor HP =>120	Motor HP >50 to 119	Motor HP >20 to 49	Motor HP > 8 to 19	Motor HP <=8
7	Retention Time	3	T<5 hrs	T= 5 to 10 hrs	T= 11 to 16 hrs	T= 17 to 71 hrs	T=>72 hrs
8	Critical Industries	1	>3		2 to 3		0 to 1
9	Elimination/ Consolidation Potential	1	High		Medium		Low

# Appendix E

WWTP Violations and Associated Corrective Action

#### **Plant Greenridge**

Plant Greenridge			
Permit Parameter	Non-Compliance Date(s)	Initial Root Cause Assessment	CORRECTIVE ACTION
2-hr peak	8/26/2017 8/28/2017 8/27/2017	Hurricane Harvey related. The region experienced extreme rainfall due to Hurricane Harvey. Ten inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP on August 26, 2017.	Operations personnel made process adjustments, as conditions allowed, to maximize treatment.
CBOD5	04/17/2015	During the heavy rainfall of 3.27 inches on April 17, 2015, a sudden hydraulic surge was created through the plant, due to the sudden rise in the flow (18 mgd). This caused solids to build up in the clarifiers and escape with the effluent, which contributed in the CBOD-5 excursion.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed.
	05/13/2015	Insufficient bleach feed in the system during an abnormal high flow at the time of sampling. Chlorine deficiency in the contact basin resulted in elevated E. coli bacteria in the effluent.	Work order # 1122347 was created for the chlorination group to thoroughly inspect the chlorination system to ensure proper operation.
	06/18/2015	Undetermined. Both the operator logs and SCADA trends indicated that the chlorine residual and effluent flow were variable, but the chlorine residual was above 1.0 mg/L prior to and at the time of sample collection.	Work order # 1134273 was created for the chlorination group to evaluate the chlorination system to ensure proper operation.
E. coli	07/01/2015	Undetermined. Chlorine residual by grab sample and analyzer indicated that the plant was in compliance.	Work order # 1134273 was created for the chlorination group to evaluate the chlorination system to ensure proper operation.
	3/3/2016	Undetermined. SCADA trends indicate that the residual was 1.75 mg/L at the time of sampling.	Chlorination system was assessed under work order # 1233658
	12/21/2016	Equipment failure resulted in insufficient chlorination to properly disinfect the effluent.	The chlorination group troubleshooted the chlorine monitoring system.
	9/27/2017	The disinfection system was not maintaining an adequate chlorine residual at the time of sample collection.	The chlorination group repaired the disinfection system.
	8/29/2016	The return sludge pumps malfunctioned, causing inadequate return of sludge to the process and an elevated ammonia concentration in the effluent.	All return sludge pumps were immediately restored back to service under work orders 1231783 and 1237180.
	4/2/2018	Clogged return telescopes caused a deficiency of RAS in the process, disrupting the complete treatment of ammonia.	The return telescope cleaning schedule was revised to include more frequent monitoring and cleaning.
NH3-N	01/22/2015	Combination of heavy rain and multiple flow restrictions in the clarifiers. According to the rain gauge at the WWTP, it rained 1.10 inches on 1722/2015 and caused a sustained flow of 10 mgd for over 4 hours. The hydraulic surge due to the wet weather caused debris to plug the inlets and center wells of the clarifiers. This caused solids to build up and escape with the effluent, and resulted in a high TSS concentration.	Work order # 1087159 was created to remove all trash and debris from clarifler inlets and center wells. The situation corrected itself once flow subsided.
	1/18-1/24/2015	Combination of heavy rain and multiple flow restrictions in the clarifiers. According to the rain gauge at the WWTP, it rained 1.10 inches on 1/22/2015 and caused a sustained flow of 10 mgd for over 4 hours. The hydraulic surge due to the wet weather caused debris to plug the inlets and center wells of the clarifiers. This caused solids to build up and escape with the effluent and resulted in a very high TSS concentration on January 22, 2015, which affected the calculated 7-day average concentration.	Work order # 1087159 was created to remove all trash and debris from clarifier inlets and center wells. The situation corrected itself once flow subsided.
	04/01/2015	All lift station pumps came on during the heavy rainfall of 3.27 inches on April 17, 2015, resulting in a flow increase to 18 mgd. This apparently reduced detention time, allowing solids to build up in the clarifiers that escaped with the effluent. This increased the TSS daily average above the permitted limit.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed.
	04/16/2015	During the heavy rainfall of 2.5 inches on April 16, 2015, a sudden hydraulic surge was created through the plant, due to the sudden rise in the flow (>15 mgd). This caused solids to build up in the clariflers and escape with the effluent.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed.
	04/17/2015	During the heavy rainfall of 3.27 inches on April 17, 2015, a sudden hydraulic surge was created through the plant, due to the sudden rise in the flow (18 mgd). This caused solids to build up in the clarifiers and escape with the effluent.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed.
TSS	4/12 TO 4/18/2015	Heavy rainfall of 3.27 inches on April 17, 2015, and 2.5 inches on April 16, 2015, created hydraulic surges through the WWTP. Solids built up in the clariflers and escaped with the effluent, leading to TSS exceedance for two days. The high TSS concentrations for two consecutive days affected the calculated 7-day average concentration.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed.
	05/12/2015	Clarifier issues were caused by debris build up in the inlet of # 3 clarifier, increasing flow toward the smaller clarifiers (# 1 and 2). Some short circuiting occurred, allowing a high rate of flow to reach the weirs prior to settling. Severe thunderstorms produced 3.20 inches of rain, which may have contributed to the problem. These factors allowed solids to escape over the weirs and caused the TSS violation.	Work orders have been submitted to clean the inlets and center wells of the clarifiers. (#1083298, #1083490, #1087159)
	2/8/2016	A combination of high solids in the plant and problems with the lift station caused elevated TSS in the effluent. Rainfall may have also contributed to the problem. On January 8, 2016, 0.76 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.	Operations is working diligently to remove excess solids from the plant.
	5/2/2017	A sudden surge of flow, created when the lift station pumps were reprimed, caused solids to be pushed out of the clarifier, into the chlorine contact basin, and out the outfall.	The operator has been retrained on the effects of sudden surges of flow. A work order was written for the installation of air relief valves on the lift pumps.
	7/10/2017	A power outage on July 8, 2017 caused the return pump to trip off. As a result, an accumulation of solids in clarifier #2 eventually flowed over the clarifier weirs to the chlorine contact basin and through the outfall.	The tripped return pumps were repaired.

Plant FWSD 23 Permit Parameter	Non-Compliance Date(s)	Initial Root Cause Assessment	CORRECTIVE ACTION
	10/24/2015 10/25/2015	Severe rain in the service area. On October 24, 8.43 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP. On October 25, 1.41 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.
	10/30/2015 10/31/2015	Severe rain in the service area. On October 30, 7.6 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP. On October 31, 1.17 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.
	12/13/2015	Heavy rain in the service area. On December 13, 2015, 1.42 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.
	1/8/2016	Rain in the service area. On January 8, 2016, 0.79 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.
	4/18/2016	A total of 4.43 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP on April 17 and 18, 2016. 4/17/16: 3.63 inches 4/18/16: 0.8 inch	On April 18, 2016, Governor Greg Abbott issued a Disaster Proclamation for Harris County and other areas of southeast Texas.
	5/27/2016	Heavy rain in the service area. On May 27, 2016, 2.86 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.
	6/2/2016	Heavy rain in the service area. On June 2, 2016, 2.10 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.
	6/3/2016	Heavy rain in the service area. On June 3, 2016, 1.7 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed. $ \\$
	6/4/2016	Heavy rain in the service area. On June 3 and 4, 2016, 1.70 and 0.20 inches of rain were, respectively, recorded at the WWTP.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.
	1/18/2017	Heavy rain in the service area. On January 17 and 18, 2017 a total of seven inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.  NOTE: The Bretshire WWF did not discharge.
2 hour peak flow	1/20/2017	Heavy rain in the service area. On January 20, 2017 2.64 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.  NOTE: The Bretshire WWF did not discharge.
	1/21/2017	Heavy rain in the service area. On January 20 and 21, 2017 a total of 2.72 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.  NOTE: The Bretshire WWF did not discharge.
	3/29/2017	Heavy rain in the service area. On March 29, 2017, 2.2 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.  NOTE: The Bretshire WWF did not discharge.
	8/7/2017	Heavy rain in the service area. On August 7, 2017, 4.78 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.	
	2/10/2018	Heavy rain in the service area. On February 9 and 10, 2018, 3.17 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP	NOTE: The Bretshire WWF did not discharge.  Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.  NOTE: The Bretshire WWF did not discharge.
	6/20/2018	Heavy rain in the service area. On June 20, 2018, 2.89 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.	Plant operations returned to normal after the rain subsided.
	7/4/2018	Heavy rain in the service area. On July 4, 2018, 4.35 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.  Upon issuance of the pending TPDES permit (WQ0010495016), the 2-hour peak flow limit will be 33,056 gpm. TCEQ received the application on November 1, 2002; the latest draft permit was issued on July 25, 2016.  NOTE: The Bretshire WWF did not discharge.
	9/9/2018	Heavy rain in the service area. On September 9, 2018, 3.06 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.	Operation staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.
	11/14/2016 (outfall 001, 003)	Undetermined. The WWTP was operating normally, with no upsets. The influent NH3-N was measured at 82 mg/L and may have contributed to the noncompliance.	The WWTP influent will be closely monitored to determine if an investigation of possible illegal dumping is warranted.
	9/3/-9/9/2017 (outfall 001, 003)	Hurricane Harvey related. Flooding at the facility site damaged the blowers, motors, and electrical gear. This prevented adequate secondary treatment.	On August 30, 2017, emergency electrical and mechanical repairs were begun. Two temporary blowers were installed for back-up. Secondary treatment was partially restored on September 3, 2017 and fully restored on September 4, 2017.  NOTE: The Bretshire WWF did not discharge.
	9/4/2017 (outfall 001 and 003)	Hurricane Harvey related. The WWTP was inaccessible from August 27 to 29, 2017.	Clarifiers and blowers became available for service on September 4, 2017.
NH3-N	9/5/2017 (outfall 001 and 003)	Hurricane Harvey related. Flooding at the facility site damaged the blowers, motors, and electrical gear. This prevented adequate secondary treatment.	On August 30, 2017, emergency electrical and mechanical repairs were begun. Two temporary blowers were installed for back-up. Secondary treatment was partially restored on September 3, 2017 and fully restored on September 4, 2017.
	3/15/2018 (outfall 001 and 003)	An air diffuser broke off of the air header, preventing air from being fed into the aeration basins. This equipment failure happened after hours and was not discovered until the morning shift arrived.	A work order was generated for the repair of the broken diffuser.

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	9/18/2018 9/20/2018 9/16/18-9/22/18	A stoppage in the air lift pump system and blowers out of service for maintenance caused incomplete treatment.	Maintenance completed stoppage removal from the air return lines.
	5/12/2015 (outfall 001 and 003)	Combination of high sludge blanket in clarifier #4 due to clogged sludge wasting line and out of service equipment (clarifier #2). Rainfall of 2.54 inches on 5/12/2015 and 0.9 inches on the day before may have contributed to the problem. These factors allowed solids to escape over the weirs.	Work order #1121170 was generated to clear the blockage in the sludge wasting line on clarifier #4.
	5/15/2015 (outfall 001 and 003)	Combination of high sludge blanket in clarifier #4 due to clogged sludge wasting line and out of service equipment (clarifier #2). Rainfall of 0.70 inches on 5/15/2015 may have contributed to the problem. These factors allowed solids to escape over the weirs.	Work order #1121170 was generated to clear the blockage in the sludge wasting line on clarifier #4.
	3/10/2016 (outfall 001 and 003)	Combination of equipment failure and heavy rainfall in the area. Two clarifiers were out of service due stoppages in the return air lift pumps. On March 9 and 10, 2016, 3.75 inches of rainfall were recorded at the WWTP.	Wasting rates were adjusted. Maintenance and operations removed the stoppages in the air lift pumps and placed clarifier #2 back in service.
TSS	1/20/2017 (outfall 001 and 003)	Clarifier #5 was taken out of service to clear a stoppage in the return line. This allowed a hydraulic surge, experienced during a period of heavy rainfall, to push solids out of the in-service clarifiers.	Maintenance crews are removing the stoppage in the Clarifier #5 return line.
	1/1/2017-1/31/17 (outfall 001 and 003)	Clarifier #5 was taken out of service to clear a stoppage in the return line. This allowed a hydraulic surge, experienced during a period of heavy rainfall, to push solids out of the in-service	Maintenance crews are removing the stoppage in the Clarifier #5 return line.  NOTE: The Bretshire WWF did not discharge.
	1/15/2017-1/21/17 (outfall 001 and 003)	clarifiers.  Clarifier #5 was taken out of service to clear a stoppage in the return line. This allowed a hydraulic surge, experienced during a period of heavy rainfall, to push solids out of the in-service clarifiers.	Maintenance crews are removing the stoppage in the Clarifier #5 return line.
	8/7/2017 (outfall 001 and 003)	Poor settling caused solids to discharge over the clarifier weirs. Heavy rainfall (4.78 inches on 8/7/17) may have contributed.	Process adjustments were made to maximize treatment.
	1/23/2018 (outfall 001 and 003)	Unknown. All plant equipment was in service and all process controls were within appropriate ranges.	None

#### Plant: Kingwood Centra

Plant: Kingwo	od Central	T	
Permit Parameter	Non-Compliance Date(s)	Initial Root Cause Assessment	CORRECTIVE ACTION
COBD5	9/6/2017 9/7/2017 9/8/2017 9/3-9/6/2017 9/1-9/30/2017 9/1-9/30/2017	Hurricane Harvey related. Floodwaters (over 23 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP) damaged all three blowers and destroyed the UV disinfection system. The storm left the plant with no power.	Bids for replacing/repairing the UV system are being solicited. Blowers are being repaired.
	01/13/2015	Plant rainfall of 1° on January 11, 2015 caused a power surge at the ultraviolet (UV) disinfection system. Routine preventive maintenance activities on Monday, January 12, 2014 revealed 72 lights burned out, preventing the plant from maintaining the optimal disinfection efficiency. This allowed the E. coli bacteria value to rise above the permitted value.	Additional ballasts were ordered to replace stock on hand.
	02/10/2015	UV system shut down due to electrical problem. This allowed the E. coli bacteria value to rise above the permitted value.	Work assignment was ordered to STES contractor for UV system evaluation.
	9/5/2016	Rags accumulated on the bulbs of the UV system, preventing adequate disinfection.	The mechanical bar screen is being repaired, which will prevent this problem from occurring again.
E.coli	9/6/2017 9/7/2017 9/8/2017 9/9/2017 9/10/2017	Hurricane Harvey related. Floodwaters (over 23 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP) damaged all three blowers and destroyed the UV disinfection system. The storm left the plant with no power.	Bids for replacing/repairing the UV system are being solicited. Blowers are being repaired.
	9/20/2017	The bleach injection system was unable to maintain an adequate chlorine residual. Hurricane Harvey destroyed the UV disinfection system; a temporary bleach system is being utilized.	An emergency purchase order is being pursued for repairs to and/or replacement of the disinfection system.
	7/31/2018	Elevated flow due to rainfall (1.0 inch recorded at the WWTP) is believed to have contributed to incomplete disinfection.	Inframark is making process control adjustments and troubleshooting the disinfection system to ensure proper treatment.  NOTE: The UV disinfection system was destroyed by Hurricane Harvey. Chlorination is being used for disinfection.
	2/12/2016	The blowers tripped off on February 11, 2016 during non-working hours, and the alarm system failed. Insufficient aeration caused incomplete treatment in the aeration basin.  *The laboratory provided updated analytical results on March 9, 2016.	The communication issue with the alarm system was corrected.
NH3-N	9/6/2017 9/7/2017 9/8/2017 9/3-9/9/2017 9/1-9/30/2017	Hurricane Harvey related. Floodwaters (over 23 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP) damaged all three blowers and destroyed the UV disinfection system. The storm left the plant with no power.	Bids for replacing/repairing the UV system are being solicited. Blowers are being repaired.
TSS	9/6/2017 9/7/2017 9/8/2017 9/3-9/9/2017 9/1-9/30/2017	Hurricane Harvey related. Floodwaters (over 23 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP) damaged all three blowers and destroyed the UV disinfection system. The storm left the plant with no power.	Bids for replacing/repairing the UV system are being solicited. Blowers are being repaired.

#### Plant Metro Central

Plant Metro Central	nt Metro Central			
Permit Parameter	Non-Compliance Date(s)	Initial Root Cause Assessment	CORRECTIVE ACTION	
CBOD5	8/27/2017-9/2/2017 9/1/2017	Hurricane Harvey related. The facility was flooded for several days. Blowers were unable to run because water had collected in discharge lines. Return sludge pumps on both clarifiers suffered failures and could not return solids.	Return sludge pumps and valves on blowers have been replaced. Blower discharge lines have been cleared. Plant solids have been reduced and reseeding was performed to introduce active bacteria.	
	11/2/2016	Undetermined. According to the SCADA trends, the chlorine residual was within an adequate range for disinfection at the time of sample collection.	The disinfection system was checked for problems, but it was found to be working properly. Operations personnel is continuously monitoring plant operations and disinfection system equipment.	
Enteroco	2/21/2018	Undetermined. At the time of sample collection, the chlorine residual was with an adequate range for disinfection. Plant flow was normal, and all plant process equipment was in service.	Operations is continuously monitoring plant processes, equipment, and chemical feed systems.	
	7/25/2018	Undetermined. SCADA trends show that the chlorine residual was within an adequate range for disinfection at the time of sample collection. Plant flow was normal, and all process equipment was in service.	Continuously monitor plant operations, equipment, and chemical feed systems.	
	7/1-7/31/2015	Multiple RAS pump issues throughout the month of July resulted in excessive sludge blankets in the clarifiers which affected the treatment process and caused elevated ammonia-nitrogen levels throughout the month.	RAS pumps have been either replaced or repaired and electrical issues have been addressed.	
NH3-N	9/1/2017 9/4/2017 9/5/2017 8/17-9/2/2017 9/3-9/9/2017 9/1-9/30/2017	Hurricane Harvey related. The facility was flooded for several days. Blowers were unable to run because water had collected in discharge lines. Return sludge pumps on both clarifiers suffered failures and could not return solids.	Return sludge pumps and valves on blowers have been replaced. Blower discharge lines have been cleared. Plant solids have been reduced and reseeding was performed to introduce active bacteria.	
	01/22/2015	Heavy rain. According to the rain gauge at the WWTP, it rained 2.78 inches on 1/22/2015. The hydraulic surge due to the sustained high flow of 10.0 MGD for nearly four hours, caused solids from the sludge blankets to escape with the effluent, and resulted in the elevated TSS concentration.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed.	
	02/09/2015	The main return pumps lost prime during a five hour power outage. Sludge built up in the clarifiers and accumulated solids escaped with the effluent.	The plant returned to normal operation once the power was restored and the return pumps were primed.	
	12/1-12/31/2015	One of the clarifiers malfunctioned, causing the bio solids removal system to fail. Rising bio solids exited the clarifier over the weirs and subsequently discharged in the effluent.	A work request was made for the electrician to service the traveling bridge limit torque switch and a railing contactor that was tripping the unit off.	
TSS	1/11/31/2016	The malfunction of clarifier #4 caused the solids level in the clarifier to rise and exit over the clarifier weirs. This resulted in elevated TSS concentrations throughout the month which caused the daily average to exceed the permitted limit.	Rags are continuously cleaned from the sludge return lines, and the contractor is working on getting an additional clarifler in service.	
	12/1-12/31/2016	Only one clarifier was available for use and various return pump failures caused elevated TSS concentrations throughout the month.	Service requests have been made for repairs to clarifiers and the associated pumps.	
	5/1/2017 4/30-5/6/2017	The composite sampler was recently moved so a contractor could perform upgrades. In doing so, the intake tube was placed adjacent to the chlorine contact basin wall. It is suspected that the cause of the elevated TSS is an accumulation of sand along the wall of the chlorine contact basin.	The lab group has been requested to relocate the sampler. Operations personnel are also performing maintenance activities in the chlorine contact basin.	
	8/27/2017-9/2/17	Hurricane Harvey related. The facility was flooded for several days. Blowers were unable to run because water had collected in discharge lines. Return sludge pumps on both clarifiers suffered failures and could not return solids.	Return sludge pumps and valves on blowers have been replaced. Blower discharge lines have been cleared. Plant solids have been reduced and reseeding was performed to introduce active bacteria.	

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Plant Southwest			
Permit Parameter	Non-Compliance Date(s)	Initial Root Cause Assessment	CORRECTIVE ACTION
CBODS	5/24- 5/30/2015 5/29/2015	The Hostins area experienced intense, southwest partful of 11 inches in less than as hours over May 5578, 2015. As a result, Bays Bayss overflowed in banks and flooding occurred. The order WIVTT was flooded in declarised demands occurred to the electrical and blower systems. The inability to use the full capacity of the blowers caused insufficient air in the seration basins, allowing the partful of the control of the allower than the control of the service of the control of the service occurred to the ser	Operations will closely monitor the situation while electrical systems, blowers and all other equipment are being repaired.
	1/28/2018-2/3/2018 2/3/2018	A power failure to the return flow station caused the violation.	Power was restored, and work orders were generated to verify proper operation of the return pumps.
	1/9/2017	A review of the routine water chemistries did not reveal a definitive cause of the sublethal failure.	Additional analyses may be conducted to determine a potential cause for toxicity. Increased monitoring will be conducted as required by the permit.
Cerio NOEC	1/1/2017-1/31/17	A review of the routine water chemistries did not reveal a definitive cause of the failure. Additional testing is being conducted.	None
	3/7/2017	A review of the routine water chemistries did not reveal a definitive cause of the failure. Additional testing is being conducted.	None
	01/05/2015	Insufficient bleach feed due to a failure to the pre-analyzer pump. This caused a temporary chlorine residual drop in the plant's effluent and the E. coll bacteria value to rise above the permitted value.	Work order #1083183 was created to evaluate and verify proper operation of the chlorination system. Operations and the contro- center will closely monitor the chlorination system.
	03/09/2015	Combination of wet weather events and electrical failure in the effluent lift station system. These caused the out of service filter dock to flood and re-contaminate the plant's effluent.	center will closely monitor the chlorination system.  Work order #1098030 was created to check the cause of the lift station failure. Operations will closely monitor the situation.
	5/12/2015 5/13/2015	Chlorination system failed on May 12 and May 13, 2015, due to PLC problem on the first day, and power failure at the plant on the second. The insufficient bleach feed resulted in high E. coli concentrations.	Work orders #1120166 and #1122231 were created to check PLC and power failure. Operations will closely monitor the
	5/13/2015 5/28/2015 6/5/2015 6/18/2015	concentrations.  The Houston area experienced interest, scatained rainfall of 11 inches in less than six hours over May 2526, 2015. As a result, Brays Buyou overflowed to banks and fooding occurred. The entire WMTP was fooded and exhance durings occurred to the electrical and blower systems. The healthy to see the flat opposity of the blower caused insufficient air in the seriation basins, altowing the amendors visual to rise above the permitted amount.	shaution.  Operations will closely monitor the situation white electrical systems, blowers and all other equipment are being repaired.
	10/15/2015	Unknown. According to SCADA trends and operator logs, the chlorine residual was in range, and the bleach feed was working properly at the time of sample collection.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, if needed.
	10/29/2015	Unknown. The mix point and pre-dechlorination analyzers indicated that there was adequate bleach in the system during the sample period.	The process and equipment will continue to be monitored.
	3/21/2016	Equipment failure. The SCADA system alerted the operator of low chlorine residuals at the mix point and pre-dechlorination point. When the operator arrived the chlorine pump and metering pump were tripped	A work order was written for the chlorination group to troubleshoot and/or repair the chlorine pump and metering pump
	4/20/2016	Undetermined. According to SCADA trends, the chlorine residual was in range at the time of sampling. No problem found with the chlorination system.	Chlorination system was checked and confirmed working properly
E.coli	5/20/2016	Undetermined. According to SCADA trends, the chlorine residual was in range at the time of sampling. No problem found with the chlorination system	Chlorination system was checked and confirmed working properly
	6/8/2016	Undetermined. According to SCADA trends, the chlorine residual was in range at the time of sampling. No problem was found with the chlorination system.	The chlorination system was check and was working properly.
	7/26/2016	Undetermined, According to SCADA trends, the chlorine residual was within an acceptable range for disinfection at the time of sample collection.	The chlorination system was checked for malfunction but was found to be working properly.
		CONSCION	properly.
	9/14/2016	Undetermined. SCADA trends at the time of sample collection indicate a chlorine residual adequate for disinfection.	The chlorination system was troubleshooted. No problems were found.
		A power failure disabled the chlorination system, causing inadequate disinfection.  Indetermined The SYANA trends indicate that the chlorine residual at the time of sample collection was adequate for disinfection. The	An electrician traced the power failure and restored power.
	3/14/2017	Undetermined. The SCADA trends indicate that the chlorine residual at the time of sample collection was adequate for disinfection. The chlorination system was working properly	The chlorination system was troubleshooted, but not problems were found.
	5/26/2017	Undetermined. At the time of sample collection, the SCADA trends indicate an adequate chlorine residual for disinfection.	None.
	9/19/2017	A power failure disabled both chlorine pumps, resulting in inadequate disinfection.	Power was restored, and the chlorine pumps were put back online.  A work order was generated for the chlorination group to troubleshoot the disinfection system
	12/7/2017	Intermittent power failures affecting the chlorination system caused inadequate disinfection at the time of sample collection.	A work order was generated for the chlorination group to troubleshoot the distinlection system
	1/20/2018	The chlorine analyzer failed, resulting in an inadequate chlorine residual at the time of sample collection.	The chlorination group troubleshooted the disinfection system.
	3/9/2018	Undetermined. At the time of sample collection, the SCADA trends show that the chlorine residual was within an adequate range for disinfection. The chlorination equipment was not experiencing any issues.	Operations personnel verified the operability of the chlorination system.
	3/29/2018	A temporary increase in hydraulic load caused solids to rise and escape the clarifiers, causing an increase in E. coli.	The chlorination group troubleshooted the disinfection system.
	6/5/2018	The chlorine pump lost prime, resulting in inadequate disinfection.	The chlorination group removed a stoppage from the pump and returned it to service.
	6/12/2018	Undetermined. SCADA trends indicate that the chlorine residual was within an acceptable range for disinfection.	None
	7/3/2018	Failure of the chlorine pump prevented adequate disinfection.	The chlorination group repaired the chlorine pump.
	5/24 - 5/30/2015 5/29/2015 6/1/2015	The Houston area experienced intense, sustained rainfall of 11 inches in less than six hours over May 25/26, 2015. As a result, Brays Bayou overflowed its banks and fooding occurred. The entire WHTP was fooded and extensive dumings occurred to the electrical and blower systems. The inability to use the full capacity of the blowers caused modificient air in the aeration basins, allowing the amendment value to fine above the permitted amount.	Operations will closely monitor the situation while electrical systems, blowers and all other equipment are being repaired.
	6/1-6/30/2016	Multiple power failures caused inadequate aeration and mixing on the reactor deck during the month of June.	The electrician was notified and power was restored each time there was a loss of power.
NH3-N	6/9/2017 6/10/2017 6/11/2017 6/4-6/10/2017 6/11-6/17/2017 6/1-6/30/2017	A combination of planned shutdowns for contractor work and a power failure resulted in insufficient dissolved oxygen in the system.	All equipment was put back into service, and power was restored.
	8/27-9/2/17 9/3-9/9/2017 9/1/2017 9/1/2017 9/3/2017 9/4/2017 9/5/2017	Hurricane Harvey related. The facility was flooded for several days. Blowers were unable to run as a result of water damage.	A contractor was dispatched to check the electrical feeder lines and repair the damaged blowers.
	9/1-9/30/17	The clarifier inlet lines are plugged, causing the mixed liquor channel to overflow into the adjacent clarifier effluent channel.	A work order has been generated to have all clarifier inlet lines cleaned.
	05/12/2015	Heavy rainfall was recorded as 0.85' on May 27, 2014 and 1.10' on the previous day, causing a hydraulic surge through the WWTP. The mixed liquor channel overflowed into the clarifier effluent launchers.	Operations made process adjustments throughout the plant to balance the flow. A work order is pending to investigate and remove debris that may be impeding flow.
	5/27/2015 6/9/2015 6/17/2015	The Houston area experienced intense, sustained rainfall of 11 inches in less than six hours over May 25/26, 2015. As a result, Bays Baysu overflowed its banks and fooding occurred. The entire WWTP was fooded and extensive damage occurred to the electrical and blower systems. The inability to use the full capacity of the blowers caused insufficient air in the aeration basins, allowing the ammontar value to the allows the permitted amount.	Operations will closely monitor the situation white electrical systems, blowers and all other equipment are being repaired.
TSS	7/7/2015 7/8/2015 7/8/2015 7/7-7/31/2815	In order for the electrical contractor to safely perform regains, electricity to the return flow station had to be disconnected to a portion of the plant. During the power outage, the return activated sludge overflowed the return flow station into the effluent filter deck, elevating the TSS concentration in the effluent.	The electrical contractor was performing repair work to Power Center 87 in response to the damages incurred during the historic flooding on May 38, 2015. Repairs to Power Center 87 were completed on July 9, 2015. Feder electrical work with be limited to a maximum most down time of floar hours.
	1/30/2016	Problems with the return flow lift pumps caused an increase in the elevation of solids in the center well which caused solids to enter the effluent.	Repair of the return flow pumps was put under work order numbers 1176062, 1212634, 1212913, and 1212635.
	4/14/2017 4/15/2017	A communications malfunction within the return flow station resulted in a false reading of the return flow well level which prevented the return flow pumps from activating.	The plant network technician repaired the communications malfunction. A second work order was written for the electrical group to check and repair the transducer at the return
	9/15/2017	The clarifier inlet lines are plugged, causing the mixed liquor channel to overflow into the adjacent clarifier effluent channel.	A work order has been generated to have all clarifier inlet lines cleaned.
	11/4/2017 11/5/2017	An intermittent overflow of the clarifier #4 inlet pit into the clarifier effluent channel elevated the concentration of TSS in the effluent.	Clarifier inlet pit cleaning is ongoing.
	12/6/2017 12/3-12/9/2017	The clarifier #4 inlet pit was intermittently overflowing into the clarifier effluent channel.	Clarifier inlet pit cleaning is ongoing.
	2/1-2/28/18 2/1-2/28/2018 1/28-2/3/2018 2/3/2018	A power failure to the return flow station caused elevated TSS concentrations at the beginning of the month.	Power was restored, and work orders were generated to verify proper operation of the return pumps.
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lant Upper Brays Permit Parameter	Non-Compliance Date(s)	Initial Root Cause Assessment	CORRECTIVE ACTION	
	03/21/2015	A combination of 1.2" of rainfall and high sludge blanket in clarifier #3 contributed to the high CBOD-5 concentration.	The situation corrected upon adjustment of the clarifier telescopes.	
			There is a long term plan in place to address the fouled diffuse in the aeration basins.	
CBOD5	12/12/2016	Clogged return telescopes caused sludge to overflow the clarifier weirs.	Operations will closely monitor the return telescopes and clean a needed.	
	1/18/2017	A combination of blower issues, plugged returned telescopes, and wet weather caused incomplete treatment of CBOD.	Blowers were adjusted, and debris was removed from the retu telescopes.	
-	6/7/2017 6/10/2017 6/11/2017 6/12/2017 5/28-6/3/2017 6/1-6/30/2017 6/4-6/10/2017 6/11-6/17/2017	Insufficient dissolved oxygen in the process due to issues with the air distribution system caused incomplete treatment of CBOD.	Contractors are onsite making permanent improvements to the aeration basins.	
	9/1-9/30/2017	Hurricane Harvey related. Problems with blowers resulted in too little dissolved oxygen to fully treat ammonia-nitrogen. This issue was worsened by abnormally high flows and decreased detention time. In order to provide relief to the inundated West District WWTP, raw sewage from the West District collection system was diverted to the Upper Brays WWTP. This additional flow inflated the loadings to a level outside of the normal range for this facility.	The blowers have been repaired. The solids inventory has been restored to normal levels.	
	12/12/2016 12/12/2016	The most probable cause of toxicity was the high ammonia-nitrogen concentrations in samples 1 and 2.	Retests were scheduled for January and February 2017.	
	1/23/2017	An elevated concentration of ammonia-nitrogen in the effluent is believed to have contributed to the failure.	Additional testing will be conducted as required by the permit.	
	1/1/-3/31/2017	An elevated concentration of ammonia-nitrogen in the effluent is believed to have contributed to the failure in January 2017. This affected the calculated daily average.	Additional testing will be conducted as required by the perm	
	7/3/2017	Elevated ammonia-nitrogen in the samples.	The contractor has completed repairs on one of the aeration basins. The repaired basin was put back into service on July 8, 2017.	
Cerio lethal	7/1/2017-9/30/17	Elevated ammonia-nitrogen in the samples. A failure in July 2017 caused the calculated daily average to violate the permitted limit. Cerio lethal	The contractor has completed repairs on one of the aeration basins. The repaired basin was put back into service on July 8, 2017.	
	7/1/2017-9/30/17	Elevated ammonia-nitrogen in the samples. A failure in July 2017 caused the calculated daily average to violate the permitted limit. cerio sub lethal	The contractor has completed repairs on one of the aeration basins. The repaired basin was put back into service on July 8, 2017.	
	10/1-12/31/17	At this time, the cause of the failure is unclear. Sample check-in chemistries were within normal ranges. Additional testing to determine the cause of the failure is pending. The October 2017 test failed, causing the daily average percentage to fall below the permitted limit.	Monthly testing will continue. The City is working with the contract laboratory to identify potential causative agents.	
	10/23/2017	At this time, the cause of the failure is unclear. Sample check-in chemistries were within normal ranges. Additional testing to determine the cause of the failure is pending.	Monthly testing will continue. The City is working with the contract laboratory to identify potential causative agents.	
	1/1-3/31/2018	The contract laboratory suspects that a combination of copper and zinc caused toxicity in the test conducted in January 2018. This failure affected the reported daily average.	Monthly testing will continue. The City is working with the contract laboratory to identify potential causative agents.	
	1/16/2018	The contract laboratory suspects that a combination of copper and zinc caused toxicity.	Monthly testing will continue. The City is working with the contract laboratory to identify potential causative agents.	
	05/08/2015	Insufficient bleach feed due to low level of bleach in tank. This caused a temporary chlorine residual drop in the plant's effluent and the E. Coli bacteria value to rise above the permitted value.	were held with the operators involved to reiterate the standard operating procedures and established standards regarding end	
	09/10/2015	Insufficient bleach feed due to an analyzer malfunction. This caused a temporary chlorine residual drop in the plant's effluent and the E. Coli bacteria value to rise above the permitted value.	The analyzer was repaired and the chlorination system is back to normal.	
Ī	4/20/2016	Undetermined. At the time of sample collection, the chlorine residual was above the acceptable level.	E. coli values will be closely monitored in subsequent days.	
Ī	8/22/2016	Undetermined. At the time of sample collection, the chlorine residual was within an acceptable range for disinfection.	E. coli values will be closely monitored in subsequent days.	
E.coli	1/18/2017	Inadequate chlorine residual. At the time of sample collection, the plant was experiencing a wet weather event, and the chlorination system was unable to maintain an adequate chlorine residual. In addition, elevated TSS was being discharged because of plugged RAS telescopes.	The chlorination group troubleshooted the chlorination system	
	1/19/2017	Inadequate chlorine residual. At the time of sample collection, the chlorination system was unable to maintain an adequate chlorine residual.	The chlorination group troubleshooted the chlorination system	
	3/27/2017	The bleach pump lost prime overnight, causing an inadequate chlorine residual at the time of sample collection.	The chlorination group has troubleshooted the disinfection system.	
	5/26/2017	At the time of sample collection, the chlorination system was unable to maintain an acceptable chlorine residual.	The chlorination group troubleshooted the system.	
	5/29/2017	At the time of sample collection, the flow was elevated and the chlorination system was unable to maintain an acceptable chlorine residual.	The chlorination group troubleshooted the system.	
	12/12/2016	The most probable cause of toxicity was the high ammonia-nitrogen concentrations in samples 1 and 2.	Retests were scheduled for January and February 2017.	
Ţ	1/23/2017	An elevated concentration of ammonia-nitrogen in the effluent is believed to have contributed to the failure.	Additional testing will be conducted as required by the permit	
Fathead Lethal	1/1-3/31/2017	An elevated concentration of ammonia-nitrogen in the effluent is believed to have contributed to the failure in January 2017. This affected the calculated daily average.	Additional testing will be conducted as required by the permit	

7/1/2017-9/30/2017 Elevated ammonia-nitrogen in the samples. A failure in July 2017 caused the calculated daily average to violate the permitted limit.

The contractor has completed repairs on one of the aeration basins. The repaired basin was put back into service on July 8, 2017.

	7/3/2017	Elevated ammonia-nitrogen in the samples.	The contractor has completed repairs on one of the aeration basins. The repaired basin was put back into service on July 8, 2017.
NH3_N	4/17-4/23/2016	On three days during the third week of April, the operator found the aeration blowers off upon the start of the morning shift. This left the WWTP without sufficient dissolved oxygen to thoroughly treat ammonia.	The SCADA group is troubleshooting communications with the blowers to prevent the blowers from being out of service for extended periods of time in the future.
NH3_N	5/1/2016 5/2/2016	The aeration blower tripped off over night, leaving the treatment process with insufficient dissolved oxygen.	The Electrical Group is troubleshooting the functionality of the blower control systems.
NH3_N	5/13/2016 5/14/2016 5/15/2016 5/16/2016 5/1-5/31/2016 5/15-5/21/2016	Insufficient dissolved oxygen in the treatment process. The blower tripped off overnight. The blower was restarted, but upon inspection the next morning, air was found escaping from the blow off valve. Broken/clogged diffusers may be contributing to the problems with the blowers.	The Electrical Group is troubleshooting the functionality of the blower control systems. An Emergency Purchase Order has been submitted to repair the diffusers in the aeration basin to allow for increased dissolved oxygen.
NH3_N	6/12/2016, 6/16/2016 6/17/2016, 6/18/2016 6/19/2016, 6/20/2016 6/21/2016, 6/22/2016 6/23/2016, 6/30/2016 6/12-6/18/2016 6/12-6/18/2016 6/12-6/25/2016 6/27-7/2/201 6/1-6/30/2016 7/1/2016,7/2/2016 7/3/2016,7/4/2016	Insufficient oxygen in the treatment process caused by various blower/aeration basin diffuser issues.	Troubleshooting of the blower control systems is being performed. An emergency purchase order has been submitted to repair diffusers in the aeration basin.
NH3_N	7/23/2016, 7/24/2016 7/25/2016, 7/26/2016 7/25/2016, 7/26/2016 7/27/2016, 7/28/2016 7/27/2016, 7/30/2016 7/3-7/9/2016 7/3-7/9/2016 7/3-7/9/2016 7/1-7/31/2016 8/1/2016, 8/2/2016, 8/3/2016 8/4/2016 8/4/2016 8/4/2016 8/4/2016 8/4/2016 8/4/2016 8/4/2016 8/1/2016, 8/3/2016 8/1/2016, 8/16/2016 8/11/2016, 8/16/2016 8/11/2016, 8/16/2016 8/11/2016, 8/16/2016 8/17/2016, 8/18/2016 8/17/2016, 8/18/2016 8/17/2016, 8/18/2016 8/17/2016, 8/18/2016 8/17/2016, 8/18/2016 8/18/2016 8/18/2016 8/18/2016 8/18/2016 8/18/2016 8/18/2016 8/18/2016 8/18/2016	Insufficient oxygen in the treatment process caused by various blower/diffuser issues. During the period of July 22 to 28, blowers tripped off periodically. During the period of August 1 to 12, blowers tripped off daily. Problems with the blowers can be attributed to high ambient temperatures and added pressure in the air distribution lines due to fouled diffusers in the aeration basins. The inconsistent and prolonged periods of oxygen deficiency caused the plant to reach septic conditions.	There is a long term plan in place to address the fouled diffusers in the aeration basins.
NH3_N	12/10/2016 12/11/2016	Clogged RAS telescopes prevented sufficient return activated sludge to return to the process.	A request was made for vactor trucks to clean out the return pits to prevent further stoppages.
NH3_N	12/12/2016 12/13/2016 12/11-12/17/2016	Insufficient dissolved oxygen in the process due to air leaking out of an empty basin caused elevated NH3-N in the effluent.	Plant operations were restored once leaks were corrected.
NH3_N	1/16/2017 1/17/2017	7 Institution was in the cases due to instantial the blance	
NH3_N	1/18/2017, 1/19/2017 1/20/2017, 1/21/2017 1/22/2017, 1/23/2017 1/22/2017, 1/23/2017 1/26/2017, 1/25/2017 1/26/2017, 1/27/2017 1/30/2017, 1/31/2017 1/15-1/21/2017 1/22-1/28/2017 1/1-1/31/2017	A combination of blower issues, plugged returned telescopes, and wet weather caused incomplete treatment of NH3-N.	Blowers were adjusted, and debris was removed from the return telescopes.
NH3_N	2/27/2017	Problems with the blowers caused insufficient dissolved oxygen in the process.	The blowers were troubleshooted and found to be working properly.
NH3_N	4/24/2017 4/23/2017-4/29/17 4/1-4/31/2017	The blowers were tripped off for an extended period of time, causing insufficient dissolved oxygen in the process.	Work orders were submitted to troubleshoot the blowers.
NH3_N	\$\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2	Insufficient dissolved oxygen in the process due to air leaks and multiple blower issues.	The air leak was repaired, and additional adjustments were made to the process to maximize treatment of NH3-N.

NH3_N	6/1/2017,6/2/2017 6/3/2017,6/4/2017	Insufficient dissolved oxygen in the process due to air leaks and multiple blower issues.	The air leak was repaired, and additional adjustments were made to the process to maximize treatment of NH3-N.
NH3_N	6/5/2017,6/6/2017 6/8/2017,6/9/2017 6/10/2017, 6/11/2017 6/12/2017, 6/13/2017 6/14/2017, 6/15/2017 6/14/2017, 6/15/2017 6/16/2017, 6/19/2017 6/20/2017, 6/21/2017 6/22/2017, 6/22/2017 6/22/2017, 6/28/2017 6/25/2017, 6/28/2017 6/25/2017, 6/28/2017 6/27/2017, 6/28/2017 6/25/2017, 6/28/2017 6/16/2017 6/16/2017 6/16/2017 6/16/2017 6/16/30/2017 6/16/30/2017	Insufficient dissolved oxygen in the process due to issues with the air distribution system.	Contractors are onsite making permanent improvements to the aeration basins.
nнз_n	7/1/2017,7/2/2017 7/3/2017,7/4/2017 7/5/2017,7/6/2017 7/7/2017,7/6/2017 7/9/2017,7/10/2017 7/11/2017, 7/12/2017 7/13/2017, 7/14/2017 7/15/2017 7/9-7/15/2017 7/16-7/21/2017 7/1-7/21/2017 7/1-7/31/2017	Insufficient dissolved oxygen in the process due to ongoing issues with the air distribution system.	The contractor has completed repairs on one of the aeration basins. The repaired basin was put back into service on July 8, 2017.
NH3_N	9/11/2017 9/12/2017 9/10-9/16/2017 9/1-9/30/2017 9/1-9/30/2017	Hurricane Harvey related. Problems with blowers resulted in too little dissolved oxygen to fully treat ammonia-nitrogen. This issue was worsened by abnormally high flows and decreased detention time. In order to provide relief to the inundated West District WWTP, raw sewage from the West District collection system was diverted to the Upper Brays WWTP.	The blowers have been repaired. The solids inventory has been restored to normal levels.
	3/21/2015 3/15-3/21/2015	A combination of 1.2° of rainfall and high sludge blanket in clarifler #3 contributed to the high TSS concentration.	The situation corrected itself once flow subsided and clarifier telescopes were adjusted.
	8/13/2016 8/1-8/31/2016	Insufficient oxygen in the treatment process caused by various blower/diffuser issues. During the period of July 22 to 28, blowers tripped off periodically. During the period of August 1 to 12, blowers tripped off daily. Problems with the blowers can be attributed to high ambient temperatures and added pressure in the air distribution lines due to fouled diffusers in the aeration basins. The inconsistent and prolonged periods of oxygen deficiency caused the plant to reach septic conditions.	There is a long term plan in place to address the fouled diffusers in the aeration basins.
TSS	1/15/2017 1/18/2017 1/20/2017	Plugged return sludge telescopes during a wet weather event caused sludge to escape over the clarifier weirs.	Debris was removed from the return telescopes.
	1/1/2017-1/31/2017 1/1-1/31/2017	A combination of blower issues and plugged returned telescopes caused incomplete removal of TSS.	Blowers were adjusted, and debris was removed from the return telescopes.
	6/1-6/30/2017 6/4-6/10/2017	Insufficient dissolved oxygen in the process due to issues with the air distribution system.	Contractors are onsite making permanent improvements to the aeration basins.
	9/1-9/30/2017	Horricane Harvey related. Problems with blowers resulted in too little dissolved oxygen to fully treat ammionia-hitrogen. This issue was worsened by abnormally high flows and decreased detention time. In order to provide relief to the inundated West District	The blowers have been repaired. The solids inventory has been restored to normal levels.

#### Plant Almeda Sims

Permit Parameter Non-Compliance Date(s) Initial Root Cause Assessment CORRECTIVE ACTION  The peak 8/26/2017 Hurricane Harvey related. The region experienced extreme rainfall due to Hurricane Harvey. Six inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP on August 26, 2017.  The peak Recorded at the WWTP on August 26, 2017.	
	ess adjustments,
Several factors apparently contributed to the measured values reported herein, including: two out-of-service clarifiers, a temporary failure in a third darifier due to a clogged sludge return line, and high solids inventory due to sludge processing limitations during a large maintenance project at the sludge drying facility. In some instances, heavy arinfall contributed to the noncompliance issues (April 17 and 18, 2015). The COH plans to maintain continuous operation of the treatment plant during future construction and will take all actions necessary to mitigate adverse effects.	sludge dryers. As
Several factors apparently contributed to the measured values reported herein, including: two out-of-service clarifiers, a temporary failure in a third darifier due to a clogged sludge return line, and high solids inventory due to sludge processing limitations during a large maintenance project at the sludge drying facility. In some instances, heavy rainfall contributed to the noncompliance issues (April 17 and 18, 2015). The COH plans to maintain continuous operation of the treatment plant during future construction and will take all actions necessary to mitigate adverse effects.	sludge dryers. As
Combination of poor settling and over-wasting of sludge. The poor settling was due to the on-going CIP construction work that involves a use of pump for direct feed to the clarifiers. The sludge over-wasting was planned to reduce the plant's contractors were working on the solids level in preparation for expected rainfall. Rainfall of 1.0 inches on June 30, 2015 and 0.5 inches on the day before may have contributed to the problem by washing solids out of the sludge return channel. These factors caused elevated clarifiers are operational. Calono-5 level.	sludge dryers. As
Construction activities that limited capacity and detention time coupled with power failures during the storm experienced on August 19 and 20 caused the CBOD concentration to rise above the permitted limit.  Operations is working diligently we contractor to plan and execute the so there is minimal effect on the operations is working diligently we contractor to plan and execute the source of the contractor to plan and execute the source of the contractor to plan and execute the source of the contractor to plan and execute the source of the contractor to plan and execute	e construction
Insufficient air in the plant due to ongoing contractor activities that required all blowers to be turned off. Limited air supply 4/1/2015 affected the treatment process and caused ammonia concentration to rise above the permit limit. Elevated ammonia and making process adjustments, City contractor continues work or and is expected to be completed of April 2015.  NH3-N 4/3/2015 4/4/2015 03/29 to 04/04/2015	as needed. all six blowers
Several factors apparently contributed to the measured values reported herein, including: two out-of-service clarifiers, a temporary failure in a third clarifier due to a clogged sludge return line, and high solids inventory due to sludge processing imilitations during a large maintenance project at the sludge drying facility. In some instances, heavy rainfall contributed to the noncompilance issues (April 17 and 18, 2015). The COH plants to maintain continuous operation of the treatment plant during future construction and will take all actions necessary to mitigate adverse effects.	sludge dryers. As
6/17/2015 Combination of construction and over-wasting of sludge to reduce the plant's solids level in preparation for expected of 18/2015 (Algorithm 19/2015) and 0.75 inches on June 17, 2015 and 0.75 inches the day before may have sludge level and making process of 20/2015 (Contributed to the problem by washing solids out of the sludge return channel. These factors caused the ammonia to rise above the permitted limit for four days and exceed the calculated 7-day average.	adjustments, as
Combination of poor settling and over-wasting of sludge. The poor settling was due to the on-going CIP construction work that involves a use of pump for direct feed to the clariflers. The sludge over-wasting was planned to reduce the plant's sludge level and making process solids level in preparation for expected rainfall. Rainfall of 1.0 inches on June 30, 2015 and 0.5 inches on the day before may have contributed to the problem by washing solids out of the sludge return channel. These factors caused elevated ammonia (NH3-N) and total suspended solids (TSS) levels.	adjustments, as
Combination of poor settling and over-wasting of sludge. The poor settling was due to the on-going CIP construction work that involves a use of pump for direct feed to the clariflers. The sludge over-wasting was planned to reduce the plant's solids level in preparation for expected rainfall. Rainfall of 1.0 inches on June 30, 2015 and 0.5 inches on the day before may have contributed to the problem by washing solids out of the sludge return channel. These factors caused elevated ammonia (NH3-N) and total suspended solids (TSS) levels.	adjustments, as
NH3-N 8/15/2015 SA/15/2015 SA/15/2015 SA/15/2015 O8/09 to 08/15/2015 O8/09 to 08/15/2015 OS/09 to 08/15/20	. Operations nt's sludge level
A combination of construction activities that limited capacity and detention time and a power failure during a storm experienced on August 19 and 20 caused elevated TSS and NH3-N concentrations throughout the month. These elevated contractor to plan and execute the so that there is minimal effect on the calculated daily averages.	e construction
NH3-N 11/22 to 11/28/2015 A combination of construction activities that limited capacity and detention time and power failures during the storm that removed aeration blowers #1 and #6 from service. The storm took place from 10/30/15 to 11/1/15 and resulted in 11.3 inches of rainfall at the WWTP.	repaired.
Process capability was limited due to a combination of construction activities and power failure that took aeration blower Operations is working diligently w. 12/1/2015-12/31/2015 #1 out of service due to a storm. This affected the daily average concentration for the monitoring period. contractor to plan and execute cominimum effect to the effluent.	
6/25/2016 6/26/2016 NH3-N 6/27/2016 6/26/2016-71/2/2016 6/26/2016-71/2/2016 6/26/2016-71/2/2016 6/26/2016-71/2/2016 6/26/2016-71/2/2016 6/26/2016-71/2/2016	ed and put back
7/19/2017 7/20/2017 7/21/2017 7/22/2017 7/22/2017 7/16/2017-7/22/17 Thigh solids resulting from sludge dryer breakdowns combined with aeration blower failures caused incomplete treatment of ammonia-nitrogen. The aeration blower was repaired.	i, and the sludge
Combination of high solids inventory and heavy rain in the service area. According to the rain gauge at the WWTP, it rained 1.9 inches on 1/22/2015. The hydraulic surge due to the severe weather caused the plant to maintain a high flow (20-40 MGD) for about five hours, allowed solids to escape out into the effluent, and resulted in a high TSS concentration.	e flow subsided.
4/10/2015 4/11/2015 4/12/2015	, which is
4/22/2015 Combination of high solids inventory and unavailable clarifiers (#4 & #5) due to ongoing contractor activity. These factors 4/23/2015 caused the TSS concentration to rise above the permit limit.  Contractor activity. These factors within two months.	be completed
4/25/2015 4/19-4/25/2015	

Page 11 of 19

Al 1/2015 A 1/2015 Al 1/43/73015 Al 1/43/730
### support failure in a thried clarifier due to a clogged sludge return line, and high solids inventory due to sludge processing bill the control of the sludge drying and slike. In some instance, we working on the sludge drying and slike. In some instance, we working on the sludge drying and slike. In some instance, we working on the sludge drying and slike. In some instance, we working on the sludge drying and slike. In some instance, we way rainfall contribute of the date of this writing, the dryers and all clariflers are operational.  ### style="color: blue;"> ## style="color: blue;"> ### style="color: blue;
temporary failure in a third clarifler due to a clogged sludge return line, and high solids inventory due to sludge processing that intractions during a large maintenance project at the sludge drying facility. The construction and will take all actions necessary to mitigate adverse effects.    S/1/2015-S/31/2015
S/1/2015-S/31/2015   S/3-1/2015   S/3-1/20
TSS   6/8/2015   Solds level in preparation for expected rainfall. Rainfall of 1.0 inches on June 30, 2015 and 0.5 inches on the day before may have contributed to the problem by washing solds out of the sludge return channel. These factors caused elevated ammonia (NH3-N) and total suspended solds (TSS) levels.    Combination of poor settling and over-wasting of sludge. The poor settling was due to the on-going CIP construction work that involves a use of pump for direct feed to the clarifiers. The sludge over-wasting was planned to reduce the plant's solds level in preparation for expected rainfall. Rainfall of 1.0 inches on June 30, 2015 and 0.5 inches on the day before may have contributed to the problem by washing solds over due to the on-going CIP construction work that involves a use of pump for direct feed to the clarifiers. The sludge over-wasting was planned to reduce the plant's solds level in preparation for expected rainfall. Rainfall of 1.0 inches on June 30, 2015 and 0.5 inches on the day before may have contributed to the problem by washing solds out of the sludge return channel. These factors caused elevated armonia (NH3-N) and total suspended solds (TSS) levels and calculated loading.    TSS
that involves a use of pump for direct feed to the clariflers. The sludge over-wasting was planned to reduce the plant's solids level in preparation for expected rainfall. Rainfall of 1.0 inches on June 30, 2015 and 0.5 inches on the day before may have contributed to the problem by washing solids out of the sludge return channel. These factors caused elevated ammonia (NH3-N) and total suspended solids (TSS) levels and calculated loading.  TSS 7/1/2015 7/2/2015 7/3/2015 The clariflers experienced poor settling due to the on-going CIP construction work that involves the use of a pump for direct feed to the clariflers.  S/14/2015 8/14/2015 8/15/2015 8/15/2015 8/16/2015
TSS 17/2015 direct feed to the clarifiers.  of the contractor and making process adjustments, as needed, to maintain permit compilance.  Steps have been taken to ensure that an adec to ensure that an adea to ensure that an eader of blowers are in service. Operation staff is closely monitoring the plant's sludge in and making process adjustments to maintain total suspended solids (TSS) levels below the permitted limits.  Solvential and making process adjustments to maintain permit compilance.  Construction activities that limited capacity and detention time coupled with power failures during the storm experienced on August 19 and 20 caused the TSS concentration to rise above the permitted limit.  Construction activities that limited capacity and detention time caused the TSS concentration to rise above the permitted limit.  Construction activities that limited capacity and detention time caused the TSS concentration to rise above the permitted limit.  Construction activities that limited capacity and detention time caused the TSS concentration to rise above the permitted limit.  Construction activities that limited capacity and detention time caused the TSS concentration to rise above the permitted limit.  Construction activities that limited capacity and detention time caused the TSS concentration to rise above the permitted limit.  Construction activities that limited capacity and detention time caused the TSS concentration to rise above the permitted limit.
TSS 8/25/2015 8/16/2015 8/9-8/15/2015 8/9-8/15/2015 8/9-8/15/2015 8/9-8/15/2015 8/9-8/15/2015 8/9-8/15/2015 8/9-8/15/2015 8/9-8/15/2015 8/9-8/15/2015 8/9-8/15/2015  TSS 8/20/2015 8/20/20
TSS 8/20/2015 on August 19 and 20 caused the TSS concentration to rise above the permitted limit. contractor to plan and execute the construction so there is minimal effect on the effluent.  Construction activities that limited capacity and detention time caused the TSS concentration to rise above the permitted limit.  Construction activities that limited capacity and detention time caused the TSS concentration to rise above the permitted contractor to plan and execute the construction and execute the contractor to plan and execute the
TSS 08/25/2015 limit. contractor to plan and execute the constructi
A combination of construction activities that limited capacity and detention time and a power failure during a storm  Operations is working diligently with the experienced on August 19 and 20 caused elevated TSS and NH3-N concentrations throughout the month. These elevated contractor to plan and execute the construction that there is minimal effect on the effluent.
A combination of construction and power failures during the storm on October 25 limited capacity and detention time.  Dryer cake pump #1 was pulled for repairs or replacement. Operations is working closely or the contractor to plan and execute construction with minimal affect to effluent quality.
Combination of construction and failed equipment. Ongoing construction activities limited capacity and detention time.  Dyer cake pump #1 failed, removing the dryer from service and limiting sludge processing capability.  Dyer cake pump #1 failed, removing the dryer from service and limiting sludge processing capability.  Combination of construction with contractor to plan and execute construction with minimal effect to the effluent. Dryer cake pump #1 was repaired under work order #1175575.
A combination of construction activities that limited capacity and detention time, power failures during the storm that dropped 2.5 inches of rain, and the failure of dryer unit #2. These factors combined to limit process capability.  Operations is working diligently with the contractor to plan and execute construction wininimum effect to the effluent.
Operation is working diligently with the contr TSS 1/6/2016 A combination of construction activities that limited capacity and detention time, power failures during storm that dropped to plan and execute construction with minimum of the failure of dryer unit #2. These factors combined to limit process capability.
TSS 1/8/2016 Operations is working diligently with the contractor to expedite construction. Addition A combination of rain (1 inch recorded at WWTP), high solids, and construction which limited capacity within the plant.
TSS 1/9/2016 Operations is working diligently with the contractor to expedite construction. Addition A combination of high solids and construction which limited capacity within the plant.
TSS 1/3/2016-1/9/2016 Operations is working diligently with the contractor to expedite construction. Addition A combination of rain, high solids, and construction which limited capacity in the plant.
TSS 1/1/2016-1/31/2016 1/1-1/31/2016 1/1-1/31/2016 Combination of construction that limited capacity and detention time, power failures during a storm (2.15 inches of rain between 1/6/16 and 1/8/16), and the mechanical failure of the #2 dryer unit. These factors caused elevated TSS levels during the first week of the month and affecting the calculated daily average and dailt averag loading.  Operations is working diligently with the contractor to plan and execute construction within the contractor to plan and execute construction within the contractor to plan and execute construction of the solid light properties of the solid li
Operations is working diligently with the contractor to plan and execute the construction that limited capacity and detention time, power failures during the storm that affected plant operations, and the #2 dryer unit being out of service. On March 9, 2016, 2.10 inches of rain were recorded at the WWTP.
TSS 5/27/2016 Operations, and the #2 origin unit being out of service. On March 9, 2016, 2.10 inches of rain were recorded at the WW1P.  Work order #126597 was created to repair dr rain on 5/27/2016. These factors contributed to the elevated TSS that day.  ##1
The maintenance group is working to repair ti TSS 6/8/2016 One of the sludge dryers broke down, causing elevated solids throughout the plant; and a power failure during a lightning storm. These factors caused solids to discharge over the weirs of clarifier #2.

#### Plant 69 th Street

Permit Parameter	Non-Compliance Date(s)	Initial Root Cause Assessment	CORRECTIVE ACTION
		Combination of hydraulic surge and high solids inventory in the plant. According to the rain gauge, it rained 1.8 inches on March	
CBODS	03/09/2015	09, 2015 and 1.90 inches on the day before. The combination resulted in elevated CBOD-5 concentration.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed.
	1/17/2017	A combination of out of service equipment (B Train for grit/debris removal) and continuous RAS pump stoppages caused an elevated solids inventory. As a result, an elevated concentration of CBOD was discharged.	All available equipment was put into service, including B Train.  NOTE: The Northside WWF discharged on January 17, 2017 and January 18, 2017.
	6/16/2015 6/30/2015 6/1-6/30/2015 6/1-6/30/2015	The source of copper in the effluent is unknown, seasonal use of copper based algaecide may have contributed to the higher copper levels. All available equipment was in service.	The City was issued a draft permit on December 06, 2011. Upon issuance of the new permit, the draft permit
	11/1/2016 11/82016 11/15/2016 11/22/2016 11/29/2016 11/1-11/30/2016	The source of copper in the effluent is unknown. The City suspects that the influent contained an abnormally high concentration of the pollutant.	The City's Industrial Waste Group has been notified of the elevated levels of copper in the effluent.
	12/6/2016 12/1-12/31/2016	The source of copper in the effluent is unknown. The City suspects that the influent contained an abnormally high concentration of the pollutant.	The City's Industrial Waste Group has been notified of the elevated levels of copper in the effluent.
	1/17/2017 1/1-1/31/2017 1/1-1/31/2017	The source of copper in the effluent is unknown. The City suspects that the influent contained an abnormally high concentration of the pollutant.	The City's Industrial Waste Group has been notified of the elevated levels of copper in the effluent.
	2/7/2017 2/14/2017 2/28/2017 2/1-2/28/2017	The source of copper in the effluent is unknown. Also, seasonal use of copper-based algaecide may have contributed to the higher copper levels. All available equipment was in service.	The City was issued a draft permit on July 25, 2016. Upon Issuance of the new permit, the discharge limitations for copper will be revised to: 0.039 mg/L for single grab, 0.0264 mg/L for 7-day average, and 0.013 mg/L (22 lbs/day) for daily average.
Copper	3/7/2017 3/21/2017 3/28/2017 3/1-3/31/2017	The source of copper in the effluent is unknown. Also, seasonal use of copper-based algaecide may have contributed to the higher copper levels. All available equipment was in service.	The City was issued a draft permit on July 25, 2016. Upon issuance of the new permit, the discharge limitations for copper will be revised to: 0.039 mg/L for single grab, 0.0264 mg/L for 7-day average, and 0.013 mg/L (22 lbs/day) for daily average.
	4/4/2017 4/11/2017 4/18/2017 4/1-4/30/2017	The source of copper in the effluent is unknown. Also, seasonal use of copper-based algaecide may have contributed to the higher copper levels. All available equipment was in service.	The City was issued a draft permit on July 25, 2016. Upon Issuance of the new permit, the discharge limitations for copper will be revised to: 0.039 mg/L for single grab, 0.0264 mg/L for 7-day average, and 0.013 mg/L (22 lbs/day) for daily average.
	8/1/2017 8/8/2017 8/1-8/31/2017 8/1-8/31/2017	The source of copper in the effluent is unknown. Also, seasonal use of copper-based algaecide may have contributed to the higher copper levels. All available equipment was in service.	The City was issued a draft permit on July 25, 2016. Upon issuance of the new permit, the discharge limitations for copper will be revised to: 0.039 mg/L for single grab, 0.0264 mg/L for 7-day average, and 0.013 mg/L (22 lbs,/day) for daily average.
	10/3/2017 10/31/2017 10/1-10/31/2017	The source of copper in the effluent is unknown. Also, seasonal use of copper-based algaecide may have contributed to the higher copper levels. All available equipment was in service.	The City was issued a draft permit on July 25, 2016. Upon issuance of the new permit, the discharge limitations for copper will be revised to: 0.039 mg/L for single grab, 0.0264 mg/L for 7-day average, and 0.013 mg/L (22 lbs,/day) for daily average.
	11/7/2017 11/1-11/30/2017	The source of copper in the effluent is unknown. Also, seasonal use of copper-based algaecide may have contributed to the higher copper levels. All available equipment was in service.	The City was issued a draft permit on July 25, 2016. Upon issuance of the new permit, the discharge limitations for copper will be revised to: 0.033 mg/L for single grab, 0.0264 mg/L for 7-day average, and 0.013 mg/L (22 lbs_/day) for daily average.
	2/6/2018 2/1-2/28/2018	The source of copper in the effluent is unknown.	The City was issued a draft permit on July 25, 2016. Upon issuance of the new permit, the discharge limitations for copper will be revised to: 0.039 mg/L for single grab, 0.0264 mg/L for 7-day average, and 0.013 mg/L (22 lbs./day) for daily average.
	7/24/2018 7/1-7/31/2018	The source of copper in the effluent is unknown.  Combination of hydraulic surge and out of service equipment. COH contractor for the Northside Relief Tunnel Rehab	The City was issued a draft permit on July 25, 2016. Upon issuance of the new permit, the discharge limitations for copper will be revised to: 0.039 mg/L for single grab, 0.0264 mg/L for 7-day average, and 0.013 mg/L (22 lbs./day) for daily average.
NH3	1/21/2015	construction project opened the bypass gate, causing the Clinton Dr. lift station to start all pumps; this created a hydraulic surge to the plant. Train "F" was out of service for repair. The inadequate detention time resulting from multiple factors resulted in an elevated NHS-N concentration.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed. The contractor was notified to avoid any action that may cause further recurrence.
NH3	4/1/-4/30/2015	Combined out of-service equipment (B train) and high solids due to sludge processing capabilities. Heavy rainfall of 2.35 inches on April 17, 2015 and 2.30 inches the day before may have contributed. These issues resulted in elevated NH3-N concentrations for several days which affected the calculated daily average concentration.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed. Train B was put back in service.
NH3	5/1-5/31/2015	Combination of construction and equipment failure. Heavy rain during the month of May and historic flooding were also factors. Ongoing rehabilitation of Northside Relief Tunnel and out of service clarifiers (18, 10, and 1E) contributed to the problem. These factors affected the treatment process, resulting in elevated NH3-N concentrations for several days and accordingly the calculated daily average.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed. Clarifiers 1D and 1E were put back in service.
NH3	6/1-6/30/2015	Combination of construction and equipment failure. Heavy rainfall had occurred several times during the month of June 2015 may have contributed to the problem. Ongoing rehabilitation of Northside Relief Tunnel and out of service B train and wasting pumps 20/D, 2E and 2S. These factors affected the treatment process, resulting in elevated NH3-N concentrations for several days and accordingly the calculated daily average.	B train was put back into service and wasting pumps are scheduled for repair. Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed.
NH3	7/05 to 7/11/2015	A combination of construction (installation of a suction valve on CSP #2, B Train out of service for installation of new electrical equipment), equipment failure (1D and 1H clariflers down for repairs), and complete power failure to the WWTP (138 electrical sub-station power failure) caused elevated ammonia-nitrogen levels throughout the week.	Power was restored to the facility. Repairs were made to 1D and 1H clarifiers, and they were put back into service.
NH3	7/1-7/31/2015	Ongoing rebabilitation of the Northside Relief Tunnel and numerous active construction projects throughout the plant in combination with complete power failure on 7/11/2015. Heavy rain in the service area, during the month of July, may have contributed to the problem. These factors caused elevated ammonia-nitrogen levels throughout the month of July.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.
NH3	9/1-9/30/2015	Ongoing rehabilitation of the Northside Relief Tunnel and numerous active construction projects throughout the plant. Periods of heavy rain in the service area may have contributed to the problem. These factors caused elevated ammonia concentrations throughout the month, affecting the calculated daily average.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed.
NH3	2/6/2016	A combination out of-service equipment (D train) and excessive flow released from the Clinton lift station due to the removal of the stop logs at the ongoing tunnel rehabilitation construction project. These issues affected the treatment process and resulted	Plant was placed in feed forward mode to handle excessive flow.
NH3	3/24/2016	in an elevated NH3-N concentration.  Equipment failure. The hydraulic valve system failed at the main lift, the H Train was out of service so contractors could perform work, and the removal of the stop logs at the ongoing rehabilitation of the Northside Relief Tunnel contributed to the exceedance. Heavy rainfall in the service area (1.2 inches recorded at the WWTP) may have also contributed to the exceedance.	The oxygen feed was increased.
NH3	4/24/2016 4/27/2016 4/28/2016	Equipment failure. One of the clarifier skimmer arms malfunctioned, and RAS pumps had stoppages. The onsite oxygen	Maintenance removed the stoppages from the RAS pumps, and the malfunctioning clarifier was drained for repairs.
	4/24-4/30/2016 4/1-4/30/2016	plant also failed. These factors affected the treatment process and resulted in an elevated NH3-N concentration.	NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.
NH3	5/1-5/7/2016	Equipment failure. One of the clarifier skimmer arms malfunctioned and RAS pumps had stoppages. The onsite oxygen plant also failed. These factors affected the treatment process and resulted in an elevated NH3-N concentration through the first week of May 2016.	Maintenance removed stoppages from the RAS pumps, and the malfunctioned clarifier was drained for repairs.
NH3	5/13/2016 5/14/2016 5/8-5/14/2016	Combination of equipment failure, RAS pumps had stoppages, and ongoing rehabilitation of the northside relief tunnel. 0.88 inch of rain in the service area may have contributed to the problem. These factors affected the treatment process and resulted in an elevated NH3-N concentration.	Maintenance groups are working for removing stoppages from the RAS pumps, and the malfunctioned clariflers were drained for repairs.
NH3	5/25/2016	Combination of equipment failure, RAS pumps had stoppages, ongoing rehabilitation of the northside relief tunnel, and insufficient oxygen feed to 2G and 2H reactors due to contractor work to replace oxygen feed lines. These factors affected the treatment process and resulted in an elevated NH3-N concentration.	Maintenance groups are working for removing stoppages from the RAS pumps, and the maifunctioned clarifiers were drained for repairs.
NH3	5/26/2016 5/27/2016 5/22-5/28/2016	Combination of equipment failure, RAS pumps had stoppages, ongoing rehabilitation of the northsid relief tunnel, and insufficient oxygen feed to 2G and 2H reactors due to contractor work to replace oxygen feed lines. Multiple rain events (1.9 inches on 5/26 and 2 9" on 5/27/2016) during that week may have contributed to the problem. These factors affected the treatment process and resulted in the elevation of NH3-N concentrations for several days that affected the 7-day average.	Maintenance groups are working for removing stoppages from the RAS pumps, and the malfunctioned clarifiers were drained for repairs. New oxygen feed lines installation was completed.

	5/1-5/31/2016 5/1-5/31/2016	system problem, and heavy rainfall affected the treatment process and resulted in an elevated NH3-N concentration	The maintenance group is working to remove stoppages from the RAS pumps, and the maifunctioning clarifiers were drained for repairs. New oxygen feed line installation has been completed.
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	1	A combination of equipment failure, RAS pump stoppages, ongoing rehabilitation of the Northside Relief Tunnel, a filtration	The maintenance group is working to remove the stoppages from the RAS pumps, and the	
NH3	5/29-6/4/2016	system problem, and heavy rainfall affected the treatment process and resulted in elevated NH3-N concentrations during the first week of June.	nalfunctioning clarifiers were drained for repairs. New oxygen feed line installation has been ompleted. If Products continues to haul in oxygen to supply the reactors. The maintenance group is removing	
NH3	6/1-6/30/2016 6/1-6/30/2016	A combination of equipment failure (RAS pumps) and oxygen plant problems caused elevated NH3-N loadings during June.	stoppages from the RAS and WAS pumps.	
NH3	6/1/2016 6/2/2016 6/7/2016 6/5-6/11/2016	A combination of equipment failure, RAS pump stoppages, ongoing rehabilitation of the Northside Relief Tunnel, a filtration system problem, and heavy rainfall affected the treatment process and resulted in an elevated NH3-N concentration.	NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.  The maintenance group is working to remove stoppages from the RAS pumps, and the malfunctioning clariflers were drained for repairs. New oxygen feed line installation has been completed.	
NH3	6/27/2016 6/28/2016	A combination of equipment failures (RAS pumps) and oxygen plant problems caused incomplete NH3-N treatment.	Air Products continues to haul in oxygen to supply the reactors. The maintenance group is removing stoppages from the RAS and WAS pumps.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.	
NH3	6/26-7/1/2016	A combination of equipment failures (RAS pumps), oxygen plant problems, and temporary elevated BOD loading from Anheuser Busch caused elevated NH3-N concentrations during the first week of July.	Air Products continues to haul in oxygen to supply the reactors. The maintenance group is removing stoppages from the RAS and WAS pumps.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.	
NH3	7/2/2016 7/3/2016 7/5/2016 7/10/2016 7/10/2016 7/14/2016 7/3-7/9/2016 7/3-7/9/2016 7/10-7/16/2016 7/1-7/31/2016	A combination of equipment failures (RAS pumps), oxygen plant problems, and temporary elevated BOD loading from Anheuser Busch caused an elevated NH3-N concentration.	Air Products continues to haul in oxygen to supply the reactors. The maintenance group is removing stoppages from the RAS and WAS pumps.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.	
NH3	8/1-8/31/2016	A combination of oxygen plant failure, RAS/WAS pump stoppages, and heavy rainfall affected the treatment process and	Stoppages continue to be removed from the RAS and WAS pumps.	
NH3	9/24/2016 9/18-9/24/2016 9/1-9/30/2016	caused elevated NH3-N-concentrations throughout the month.  A combination of equipment failure (ninkers) and high solids due to stoppages in RAS and WAS pumps affected the treatment process and resulted in an elevated ammonia concentration.	Maintenance personnel removed stoppages from RAS and WAS pumps. Three mixer motors were also removed and sent out for repairs.	
NH3	10/12/2016 10/13/2016 10/13/2016 10/14/2016 10/15/2016 10/18/2016 10/19/2016 10/21/2016 10/21/2016 10/21/2016 10/23/2016 10/24/2016 10/28/2016 10/28/2016 10/29/2016 10/30/2016	A number of equipment failures (WAS lift station, RAS pump stoppages, sludge dryers) caused high solids in the WWTP, affecting the treatment process and resulting in an elevated ammonia concentration.	Maintenance removed WAS pumps for maintenance and repairs. Maintenance is also continuously removing stoppages from the RAS and WAS pumps.	
NH3	11/4/2016 11/5/2016 11/18/2016 11/21/2016 11/22/2016 11/22/2016 11/6-11/12/2016 11/20-11/26/2016 11/1-11/20/2016	A number of equipment failures (WAS lift station, RAS pump stoppages, sludge dryers) caused high solids in the WWTP, affecting the treatment process and resulting in an elevated ammonia concentration.	Maintenance removed WAS pumps for maintenance and repairs. Maintenance is also continuously removing stoppages from the RAS and WAS pumps.	
NH3	1/29-2/4/2017	A combination of out of service equipment (B Train for grit/debris removal) and continuous RAS pump stoppages caused an elevated solids inventory. As a result, an elevated concentration of NH3-N was discharged.	All available equipment was put into service, included B Train.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.	
NH3	2/3/2017 2/4/2017 2/5/2017 2/5/2017 2/7/2017 2/8/2017 2/9/2017 2/10/2017 2/11/2017 2/5-2/11/2017	A combination of out of service equipment (B Train for grit/debris removal) and continuous RAS pump stoppages caused an elevated solids inventory. As a result, an elevated concentration of NH3-N was discharged.	All available equipment was put into service, included B Train.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.	
NH3	2/14/2017 2/16/2017 2/17/2017 2/13/2017 2/19/2017 2/1-2/28/2017 2/1-2/28/2017 2/12-2/18/2017 2/19-2/25/2017 2/26-3/4/2017	A combination of equipment failure (1G clarifier drive failure), out of service equipment (C Train for grit/debris removal), and continuous stoppages in the WAS/RAS pumps caused and elevated concentration of NH3-N in the effluent. Heavy rain in the service area may have contributed.	All available equipment was put into service, including the C Train which was out of service for maintenance. Maintenance is continuing to clear stoppages in the RAS/WAS pumps.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.	

NHS	3/10/2017, 3/18/2017 3/19/2017, 3/22/2017 3/12/2017 3/23/2007, 3/24/2017 3/25/2017, 3/26/2017 3/25/2017, 3/26/2017 3/3/3/2017, 3/26/2017 3/12-3/18/2017 3/12-3/18/2017 3/12-3/18/2017 3/12-3/18/2017 3/12-3/18/2017 4/3/2017, 4/2/2017 4/3/2017, 4/4/2017 4/5/2017, 4/6/2017 4/10/2017	A combination of out of service equipment (C Train for grit/debris removal) and continuous stoppages in the WAS/RAS pumps caused an elevated concentration of NH3-N in the effluent. Heavy rain (6.9 inches at the WWTP between March 5 and 11) in the service area may have contributed to the problem.	All available equipment was put into service, including the C Train which was out of service for maintenance. Maintenance is continuing to clear stoppages in the RAS/WAS pumps.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.	
NH3	6/1-6/30/2017	A combination of RAS pump failures, out of service reactors for grit removal, and WAS pump stoppages caused incomplete treatment.	WAS pump stoppages were cleared; two RAS pumps were replaced; and contractors completed grit removal activities on A train reactors and placed the train back in service.	
NH3	7/7/2017 7/8/2017 7/9/2017 7/2-7/8/2017 7/9-7/15/217 7/23-7/29/2017 7/1-7/31/2017	The sludge handling facility was out of service, preventing adequate wasting. In addition, the H Train was out of service for grit and debris removal, and the WAS/RAS pumps were experiencing continuous stoppages.	All available equipment was put into service. Maintenance continues to remove stoppages from WAS/RAS pumps.	
NH3	8/27-9/2/2017	Hurricane Harvey related. Hydraulic overload for an extended period of time prevented complete nitrification.	All available equipment was put into service.	
NH3	9/23/2017 9/24-9/30/2017 9/1-9/30/2017	The Clinton Drive lift station was out of service from 6:00 pm on 9/21/17 to 3:30 pm on 9/22/17, causing the raw wastewater in the wet well to become septic. When the Clinton Drive lift station came back online, a large amount of septic waste entered the WWTP at one time, disrupting the nitrification process. In addition, the F Train is out of service for grit/debris removal and some WAS/RAS pumps experienced stoppages.	All available equipment was put into service.	
NH3	10/1-10/31/2017	A combination of high solids inventory (sludge drying facility operating on limited dryers), equipment failure (wasting station was down for two days), and reactors out of service (E and F trains down for grit/debris removal) affected the treatment process's ability to completely treat NH3-N.	Cleaning operations on the F train were completed, and the units were put back into service. The wasting station was repaired and put back in service. Additional dryers were put into service to process additional solids.	
NH3	3/16/2018 3/17/2018	The E Train was out of service for inspection and bull gear repairs. Eight aeration mixers were out of service for repairs to the gearboxes. The sludge drying facility was operating at a limited capacity, resulted in a high solids inventory. These factors caused an elevated ammonia-nitrogen concentration.	Repairs are pending.	
NH3	3/18/2018 3/19/2018 3/21/2018 3/24/2018 3/18-3/24/2018 3/18-3/24/2018 3/1-3/31/2018	Eight aeration mixers were out of service for repairs to the gearboxes. The sludge drying facility was operating at a limited capacity, resulted in a high solids inventory. These factors caused an elevated ammonia-nitrogen concentration.	Repairs are pending. An additional sludge dryer was put online 3/24/17	
NH3	4/3/2018 4/4/2018 4/5/2018 4/5/2018 4/7/2018 4/7/2018 4/7/2018 4/7/2018 4/27/2018 4/29/2018 4/29/2018 4/1-4/30/2018 4/1-4/30/2018 4/1-4/7/2018 4/1-4/7/2018 4/1-4/2018 4/2-4/28/2018	Eight aeration mixers were out of service for repairs to the gearboxes. The sludge drying facility was operating at a limited capacity, resulting in a high solids inventory. These factors caused an elevated ammonia-nitrogen concentration.	Gearbox repairs are pending. Maintenance and contractors are working on equipment so that more sludge dryers can be put in service.	
NH3	5/1/2018 5/2/2018 5/4/2018 4/29-5/5/2018	A series of equipment failures and out of service equipment in April caused elevated ammonia concentrations. The WWTP is still recovering from those issues.	Gearbox repairs are pending.	
NH3	5/12/2018	The E Train is out of service due to damage to the clarifier bull gear, and eight aeration mixers were removed and sent for repair to the gearboxes.  ***Review of laboratory data on 6/12/18 showed that the result is 10 mg/L.***	The sludge drying facility placed additional dryers in service. Mixers from the E Train were moved to replace the damaged mixers that are out for repairs.	
NH3	5/19/2018 5/6-5/12/2018 5/13-5/19/2018 5/20-5/26/2018 5/1-5/31/2018	The E Train is out of service due to damage to the clarifier bull gear, and eight aeration mixers were removed and sent for repair to the gearboxes.	The studge drying facility placed additional dryers in service. Mixers from the E Train were moved to replace the damaged mixers that are out for repairs.	
NH3	6/1-6/30/2018 6/17-6/23/2018 6/24-6/30/2018	Excessive solids in the process caused by limited sludge plant production prevented complete treatment of ammonia- nitrogen.	Repairs to the sludge dryers are ongoing. Operations continues to make adjustments to balance the distribution of solids.	
NH3	7/1-7/31/2018	High solids inventory due to limitations at the sludge drying facility caused elevated NH3-N concentrations throughout the month.	Maintenance and contractors and working on repairs to sludge drying equipment. Sludge is being wet-hauled to reduce the solids inventory.  NOTE: The Northside WWF discharged on July 4, 2018.	
TSS	3/9/2015 3/08 - 3/14/2015	Combination of hydraulic surge and high solids inventory in the plant. According to the rain gauge, it rained 1.8 inches on March 09, 2015 and 1.90 inches on the day before. The combination resulted in elevated TSS concentration, which affected the calculated 7-day average.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed.	
TSS	4/11/2015 4/16/2015 4/17/2015 04/12- 04/18/2015	Combination of hydraulic surge and high solids inventory in the plant. According to the rain gauge, it rained 1.9 inches on April 11, 2015 and 0.31 inches on the day before. It rained 2.35 inches on April 17, 2015 and 2.30 on April 16, 2015. 4/16 and 4/17: B train was out of service for repair. The combination resulted in elevated TSS concentrations in two days during the week, which affected the calculated 7-day average.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed.	
TSS	5/22-5/28/2016 5/29-6/4/2016	A combination of equipment failure, RAS pump stoppages, ongoing rehabilitation of the Northside Relief Tunnel, a filtration system problem, and 2.9 inches of heavy rain affected the treatment process and resulted in an elevated TSS concentration	The maintenance group is working to remove stoppages from the RAS pumps, and the malfunctioning clarifiers were drained for repairs. New oxygen feed line installation has been completed.	

			T
TSS	06/16/2015	Combination of construction and equipment failure. Heavy rainfall of 2.8 inches on June 16, 2015 and 0.74 inches the day before may have contributed to the problem. Ongoing rehabilitation of Northside Relief Tunnel and out of service B train and wasting pumps 2C/D, 2E and 2G. These factors affected the treatment process, resulting in elevated TSS concentration.	B train was put back in service and wasting pumps are scheduled for repair. Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed.
TSS	10/24/2015	Severe rain in the service area. According to the rain gauge, it rained 8.8 inches on October 24. This resulted in elevated TSS concentration.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments, as needed.
TSS	1/6/2016	Combination of removal of the stop logs at the ongoing rehabilitation of the Northside Relief Tunnel, B Train being down for contractors to inspect the drive on clarifier 1B, and heavy rain in the area (1.6 inches recorded at the 69th Street WWTP) may have contributed to the problem.	Operations staff is closely monitoring the plant and making process adjustments as needed.
TSS	3/24/2016	Equipment failure. The hydraulic valve system failed at the main lift, the H Train was out of service so contractors could perform work, and the removal of the stop logs at the ongoing rehabilitation of the Northside Relief Tunnel contributed to the exceedance. Heavy rainfall in the service area (1.2 inches recorded at the WWTP) may have also contributed to the exceedance.	Wasting rates were adjusted and are being monitored.
TSS	4/18/2016	A combination of equipment failure (RAS pumps) and the removal of the stop logs at the ongoing rehabilitation of the Northside Relief Tunnel. Heavy rainfall during the flooding on April 18, 2016 may have contributed. These factors affected the treatment process, resulting in an elevated TSS concentration in the effluent.	Operations and maintenance cleared the stoppages in the RAS pumps and equipment was placed back in service. On April 18, 2016, Governor Greg Abbott issued a Disaster Proclamation for Harris County and other areas of southeast Texas.  Maintenance removed stoppages from the RAS pumps, and the malfunctioning clarifier was drained
TSS	4/27/2016	Equipment failure. One of the clarifier skimmer arms malfunctioned, and RAS pumps had stoppages. The onsite oxygen plant also failed. These factors affected the treatment process and resulted in an elevated TSS concentration.	wanterlance removed stoppages from the NAS pumps, and the manufactioning claimer was drained for repairs.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.
TSS	5/27/2016	Combination of equipment failure, RAS pumps still have stoppages, ongoing rehabilitation of the northside relief tunnel, Filtration system problem. 2.9 inches of heavy rain may have contributed to the problem. These factors affected the treatment process and resulted in an elevated TSS concentration.	Maintenance groups are working for removing stoppages from the RAS pumps, and the maifunctioned clarifiers were drained for repairs. New oxygen feed lines installation is completed.
TSS	6/2/2016 6/3/2016	A combination of equipment failure, RAS pump stoppages, ongoing rehabilitation of the Northside Relief Tunnel, a filtration system problem, and heavy rainfall affected the treatment process and resulted in an elevated TSS concentration.	The maintenance group is working to remove stoppages from the RAS pumps, and the maifunctioning clarifiers were drained for repairs. New oxygen feed line installation has been completed.
	11/5/2016 11/6/2016 11/23/2016 12/2/2016 12/4/2016 11/3-11/9/2016 11/20-11/26/2016 11/27-12/3/2016 11/1-11/30/2016 11/1-11/30/2016	A number of equipment failures (WAS lift station, RAS pump stoppages, sludge dryers) caused high solids in the WWTP, affecting the treatment process and resulting in an elevated ammonia concentration.	Maintenance removed WAS pumps for maintenance and repairs. Maintenance is also continuously removing stoppages from the RAS and WAS pumps.
TSS	1/17/2017 1/18/2017	A combination of equipment failure and excessive sludge returning back into the filtration system from the sludge overflow line. In addition, the B Train is out of service for grit and debris removal and the WAS and RAS pumps are experiencing continuous stoppages. Heavy rain may have contributed to the problem.	All available equipment was put into service, including the B Train.  NOTE: The Northside WWF discharged on January 17, 2017 and January 18, 2017.
TSS	1/20/2017 2/10/2017 2/11/2017	A combination of out of service equipment (B Train for grit/debris removal) and continuous RAS pump stoppages caused an elevated solids inventory. As a result, an elevated concentration of TSS was discharged.	All available equipment was put into service, included B Train.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.
TSS	1/15-1/21/2017 1/1-1/31/2017 1/1-1/31/2017	A combination of out of service equipment (B Train for grit/debris removal) and continuous RAS pump stoppages caused an elevated solids inventory. As a result, an elevated concentration of TSS was discharged.	All available equipment was put into service, included B Train.
TSS	2/5-2/11/2017	A combination of out of service equipment (B Train for grit/debris removal) and continuous RAS pump stoppages caused an elevated solids inventory. As a result, an elevated concentration of TSS was discharged.	All available equipment was put into service, included B Train.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.
TSS	2/14/2017 2/15/2017 2/16/2017 2/12-2/18/2017	A combination of equipment failure (1G clarifier drive failure), out of service equipment (C Train for grit/debris removal), and continuous stoppages in the WAS/RAS pumps caused and elevated concentration of TSS in the effluent. Heavy rain in the service area may have contributed.	All available equipment was put into service, including the C Train which was out of service for maintenance. Maintenance is continuing to clear stoppages in the RAS/WAS pumps.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.
TSS	2/1-2/28/2017	A combination of equipment failure (1G clarifler drive failure), out of service equipment (B and C Train for grit/debris removal), and continuous stoppages in the WAS/RAS pumps caused and elevated concentration of TSS in the effluent.	All available equipment was put into service, including the B and C Trains which were out of service for maintenance. Maintenance is continuing to clear stoppages in the RAS/WAS pumps.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.
TSS	3/5-3/11/2017 3/12-3/18/2017 3/19-3/25/2017 3/26-41/2017 4/2-4/8/2017 3/1-3/31/2017 3/1-3/31/2017 4/1-4/30/2017	A combination of out of service equipment (C Train for grit/debris removal) and continuous stoppages in the WAS/RAS pumps caused an elevated concentration of TSS in the effluent. Heavy rain (6.9 inches at the WWTP from March 5 to 11) in the service area may have contributed to the problem.	All available equipment was put into service, including the C Train which was out of service for maintenance. Maintenance is continuing to clear stoppages in the RAS/WAS pumps.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.
TSS	3/5/2017 3/11/2017	A combination of out of service equipment (C Train for grit/debris removal) and continuous stoppages in the WAS/RAS pumps caused an elevated concentration of TSS in the effluent. Heavy rain (4.5 inches at the WWTP on March 13 and 1.5 inches at the WWTP on March 11) in the service area may have contributed to the problem.	All available equipment was put into service, including the C Train which was out of service for maintenance. Maintenance is continuing to clear stoppages in the RAS/WAS pumps.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.
TSS	3/16/2017 3/31/2017	A combination of out of service equipment (C Train for grit/debris removal) and continuous stoppages in the WAS/RAS pumps caused an elevated concentration of TSS in the effluent.	All available equipment was put into service, including the C Train which was out of service for maintenance. Maintenance is continuing to clear stoppages in the RAS/WAS pumps.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.
TSS	4/2/2017	A combination of out of service equipment (C Train for grit/debris removal) and continuous stoppages in the WAS/RAS pumps caused an elevated concentration of NH3-N in the effluent.	All available equipment was put into service, including the C Train which was out of service for maintenance. Maintenance is continuing to clear stoppages in the RAS/WAS pumps.  NOTE: The Northside WWF did not discharge.
TSS	6/24/2017	A combination of equipment failure, out of service equipment (A Train for grit/debris removal), and continuous stoppages in the WAS/RAS pumps caused poor settling in the clarifiers.	All available equipment was put into service, including the A Train.
TSS	7/13/2017	The sludge handling facility was out of service, preventing adequate wasting. In addition, the H Train was out of service for grit and debris removal, and the WAS/RAS pumps were experiencing continuous stoppages.	All available equipment was put into service. Maintenance continues to remove stoppages from WAS/RAS pumps.
TSS	12/16/2017	A hydraulic surge temporarily caused the contents of the main wet well to flow back up the filter return line.	All available equipment was put into service.
TSS	2/9/2018, 2/10/2018 2/4-2/10/2018 2/1-2/28/2018	A hydraulic surge temporarily caused the contents of the main wet well to flow back up the filter return line.	All available equipment was put into service, and process adjustments were made to minimize the effects.
TSS	4/22/2018	A hydraulic surge temporarily caused the contents of the main wet well to flow back up the filter return line.	All available equipment was put into service, and process adjustments were made to minimize the effects.
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Plant Sagemont			
Permit Parameter	Non-Compliance Date(s)	Initial Root Cause Assessment	CORRECTIVE ACTION
	5/13/2015	Near the sample collection time, there was sudden drop in flow from 15 MGD to 1.6 MD as operations made adjustments to accommodate wet weather conditions in the plant. The drop in flow affected the chlorine residual and detention time. The combination may have contributed to the E. coll violation.	Work order #1122357 was created for the chlorination group to thoroughly inspect the chlorination system to ensure proper operation.
	11/12/2015	Power failure in the plant. This caused insufficient bleach in the effluent impacting the E.Coli value **This is a revision of a report submitted on November 19, 2015. The laboratory provided updated results on December 7, 2015.	Chlorination system was checked to ensure proper operation. Disinfectant levels were restored to adequate ranges.
E.Coli	6/16/2016	Insufficient bleach feed in the chlorine contact basin due to communication failure with the control center to notify the operator on time to correct the problem. This caused the elevation of the E.coli value.	Work orders #1267679 and #1268019 were issued to check and repair the communication system.
	6/28/2016	Unknown. At the time of sampling, the SCADA trends indicate adequate chlorination.	The chlorination system was checked for problems. No issues were found.
	7/19/2016	The bleach pumps malfunctioned, causing insufficient chlorination.	The bleach pumps were repaired under Work Order 1278868.
	7/26/2016	Undetermined. According to SCADA trends, the chlorine residual was within an acceptable range for disinfection at the time of sample collection.	The chlorination system was checked for malfunction but was found to be working properly.
	11/3/2016	The bleach pump lost prime, resulting in inadequate disinfection.	The chlorination group was notified of the problem and troubleshooted the disinfection system.
	10/12/2015	Insufficient air in the aeration basins due to electrical problem in one of the blowers. This resulted in an increased NH3-N in the effluent.	Work order # 1171925 was created to repair the blower. Operations staff is closely monitoring the aeration system to keep adequate aeration blowers in service.
	2/1/2016	The plant has been experiencing continuous issues with the aeration blowers, causing slightly elevated NH3-N concentrations throughout the month. This caused the daily average to exceed the permitted limit.	The blowers are being repaired under work order numbers 1219847 and 1219848.
	3/13/2016	The plant lost power from 4:00 pm on March 13, 2016 to 2:30 am on March 14, 2016. As a result there was no air to the plant for 10 hours.	Operations is working to improve the air supply to the plant.
	4/17/2016	The aeration blower tripped off, limiting the air supply to the plant.	The blower was repaired under work order #1247506.
	6/12/2016	The aeration blower tripped off, limiting the air supply to the plant. This caused elevated NH3-N concentration.	The blower was checked and the power was restored.
	6/1/2016	The aeration blower tripped off, limiting air supply to the plant and causing elevated NH3-N concentrations during the month of June.	The blower was checked, and power was restored.
A1112	7/1/2016	A combination of air flow restrictions associated with old air filters and multiple air leaks in the distribution system caused elevated ammonia concentrations during the month of July.	Air filters will be replaced by Operations personnel. Air leaks are scheduled to be addressed under Work Order 934987.
NH3	1/8/2017 1/9/2017	One of the blowers tripped off resulting in limited air supply for an undetermined period of time. $ \\$	A work order was created to address the equipment failure.
	9/6/2017	Hurricane Harvey related. One of the blowers tripped off during the storm. The facility was flooded for several days, preventing access to the backup blower.	The backup blower was put into service, and the damaged blower is scheduled to be repaired.
	10/15/2017	A failure of the lift pump controls at the onsite lift station created a surge in flow when the lift pumps were activated again.	An electrician repaired the lift station controls.
	10/30/2017	The aeration blower tripped off, resulting in an inadequate air supply.	A work order was written, and a contractor repaired the blower.
	5/1/2018	Inadequate dissolved oxygen caused by a mechanical problem with a blower.	The contractor made repairs to the blower.
	5/27/2018	A power outage that occurred after hours caused the blowers to shut off.	The operator was called out by the Control Center. Power to the clarifiers and blowers was reset.
	5/28/2018	The previous day, a power outage that occurred after hours caused the blowers to shut off. $\label{eq:controller}$	The operator was called out by the Control Center. Power to the clarifiers and blowers was reset.
	5/1/2018	Mechanical issues with a blower at the beginning of the month and a power outage at the end of the month combined to impact the daily average.	The blower was repaired. The Control Center called out an operator to reset blowers after the power outage.

#### Plant Northeast

Plant Northeast  Permit Parameter	Non-Compliance Date(s)	Initial Root Cause Assessment	CORRECTIVE ACTION
	Date(s)	The cause of the enterococci bacteria exceedance is unknown. According to the	Chlorination system was checked and evaluated under WO #1104944, and found working properly.
	3/24/2015	SCADA trends, the chlorine residual was in range during sample collection time.	Chilofination system was checked and evaluated under WO #1104544, and found working property.
	05/13/2015	The cause of the enterococci bacteria exceedance is unknown. According to the records, the chlorine residual was at 2.3 mg/L during sample collection time. Rain events on May 11 (1.6 inches) and May 12 (3.45 inches) may have contributed to the Enterococci violation.	Work order #1122497 was generated for the chlorination group to thoroughly inspect the chlorination system to ensure proper operation.
	05/26/2015	Insufficient bleach feed in the system during severe thunderstorms in the Houston area that produced about 11 inches of rain on May 26, 2015 and 6.49 inches on the day before. These events contributed to the chlorine deficiency in the contact basin, allowing the Enterococci value to rise above the permitted amount.	None. Disinfection system was working normally.
	07/01/2015	Unknown. According to SCADA trends and operator logs, the chlorine residual was maintained above 1.0 mg/L and flows were normal at the time of sample collection.	None. Disinfection system was working normally.
	08/19/2015	Unknown. According to SCADA trends and operator logs, the chlorine residual was maintained above 1.0 mg/L, flows were stable, and the bleach feed was working properly at the time of sample collection.	The chlorination group was notified of the violation. After analysis, it was determined that the chlorination system was working properly.
	10/13/2015 10/21/2015	Unknown. According to the SCADA trends and flow reports, the flow conditions and chlorination feed were normal. The chlorine residual was at an acceptable level at the time of sample collection.	Operations and chlorination were informed of the violation. The disinfection system was checked for operational issues.
		Unknown. The chlorination feed was performing normally, and the chlorine residual	Operations and the chlorination group were notified of the violation. Both groups investigated, but the
	1/7/2016	was within an acceptable range.	disinfection system was found to be operating properly.
Enteroco		Undeterminable. A review of the SCADA trends showed that at the time of sample collection the chlorination feed was working properly and the chlorine residual was in range. Heavy rainfall (2.13 inches at the WWTP on 2/22/16 and 2/23/16) in the area	Operations and the chlorination group were notified of the violation. Both groups investigated, but the
	2/23/2016	elevated the flow and may have contributed to the problem.	disinfection system was found to be operating properly.
	3/10/2016	Unknown. The SCADA trends at the sample collection time indicate that the chlorine feed and chlorine residual were in the normal range. Heavy rainfall on March 9, 2016 (3.5 inches recorded at the WWTP) elevated the flow and may have contributed to the Enterococci result.	Operations and the chlorination group were notified of the violation. Both groups investigated, by the disinfection system was found to be operating properly.
	1/18/2017	Undetermined. At the time of sample collection, the chlorine residual was within an acceptable range for disinfection. Elevated flow due to heavy rainfall may have contributed.	The chlorination system was troubleshooted but was found to be working properly.
	12/20/2017	The chlorine residual was not adequate for disinfection at the time of sample collection due to a chlorine leak on pump #1 and the loss of prime on pump #2.	The chlorination group was dispatched to make repairs on the leaking chlorine line.
	3/29/2018	Undetermined. According to SCADA trends, the flow conditions and chlorination feed were normal. The chlorine residual was within an appropriate range for disinfection.	The chlorination group troubleshooted the chlorination system.
	9/11/2018	Undetermined. At the time of sample collection, the chlorine residual was within an adequate range for disinfection. The disinfection system was operating normally.	The disinfection system was troubleshooted and found to be working properly.

Appendix F

List of SOPs

# Appendix F

# **List of Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)**

1	Collection and Conveyance Management Plan
2	Lift/Pump Stations SOP
3	How to Create WMS Work Orders
4	Infrastructure Management System SOP
5	Facility Maintenance and Inspection SOP
6	Inflow and Infiltration Control Plan
7	IWS System to Track Compliance of Requirements (LINKO software)
8	Collection and Conveyance Plan with Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO) Plan
9	WWO SOP for Alarm Testing
10	PWE APP Safety Plan
11	Wastewater Treatment Plant Operation & SOP Manual
12	SOP 69th Street & Southwest Wastewater Treatment Plant Operating Manuals
13	Wet Weather Facilities Operating Manual
14	Almeda Sims Sludge Facility Operations Manual
15	WWTP Preventive Maintenance Schedule
16	SOP on Sludge Processing Facilities
17	Industrial Pretreatment Program
18	PUD SOP Wet Weather
19	Residuals Management Spill Control Plan
20	SOP Residual Management Aerobic Digesters Facilities
21	COH Policy 2-21, Employee Safety and Health
22	Collection System Repair Response to Stoppages
23	Collection System Repair Response to Sanitary Sewer Overflows
24	Clarifier solids

#### I. Cover

Cover shall state that the report covers Consent Decree activities undertaken between July 1, XXXX and June 30, XXXX.

#### II. Certification Declaration

[Required certification, with language specified by the Consent Decree, signed by a responsible official of the City]

#### III. Table of Contents

[List of sections, tables, figures and appendices included in this report]

## IV. SSO Reporting

The City shall provide a tabular summary of SSO information as described in Paragraph 63 generally in accordance with the column headings of the tables following:

#### **Summary of Total Annual SSOs Occurring After the Effective Date**

Fiscal Year	# of SSOs Caused by Grease	# of SSOs Caused by Capacity Constraints	# of SSOs Caused by Roots	# of SSOs Caused by Lift Station Failure	# of SSOs Caused by Other Factors	Total # of SSOs
XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX

#### **Summary of Annual SSO Discharge Locations**

Fiscal Year	# of SSOs discharging into/adjacent to waters <sup>(1)</sup>	# of SSOs that do not reach into or adjacent to waters <sup>(2)</sup>	Total # of SSOs			
XX	XX	XX	XX			
XX	XX	XX	XX			
	(1) As defined in Paragraph 83 of the Consent Decree					
	(2) As defined in	Paragraph 84 of the Cons	ent Decree			

#### **Summary of Information Regarding SSOs Occurring After the Effective Date**

Fiscal Year	Total SSO Discharge Volume	# of Media Reports Issued	# of repeat SSO locations (1)		
XX	XX	XX	XX		
XX	XX	XX	XX		
<ul> <li>(1) – Repeat SSOs as defined in Paragraph 63(e) of the Consent Decree</li> </ul>					

# Summary of SSOs and WWTP/WWF Effluent Reports of No Violation Pursuant to Affirmative Defense Under Tex. Water Code § 7.251

Fiscal Year	Date	Type of Report	Report ID#
XX	XX	XX	XX
XX	XX	XX	XX

#### V. Early Action Program

The City shall provide a tabular summary of the status of each Early Action Project (Lift Station, Force Main, Consolidation, and WWTP Early Action Projects) as described in Paragraph 64 and listed in Appendix B of the Consent Decree.

#### VI. Capacity Assessment

## A. <u>Capacity Remedial Measures Plan Progress</u>

In Annual Reports following the approval of the Capacity Remedial Measures Plan(s), the City shall identify progress made in the previous year toward completing the remedial measures identified in the Capacity Remedial Measures Plan(s) as described in a format generally in accordance with the column and row headings of the table following:

Capacity Project Name and Area #	Project Start Date	Narrative of Project Status and Progress Made during Fiscal Year	EPA Approved Project Completion Deadline

#### B. <u>Capacity Remedial Summary</u>

The City shall identify areas with potential capacity constraints, provide remedial alternatives analysis for each area in the provide a tabular summary of results of

the identification of WCTS assets with potential capacity constraints generally in accordance with the column and row headings of the table following:

#### **Potential Capacity Constraints Summary**

Criteria	List of Assets Identified Meeting Criteria
Total wet weather volume	
from any single WCTS asset	x
over the prior 3 years >	^
100,000 gallons	
3 or more wet weather SSOs	
occur from any single WCTS	X
asset over the prior 3 years	

The City shall provide a list and map of new areas with capacity constraints generally in accordance with the column and row headings of the table following:

**New Capacity Constraint Areas** 

Area Number	WCTS Assets in Area	
X	Х	
X	X	

For each new Capacity Constraint Area, the City shall provide the remedial alternative analysis, if complete, and timeline for completion of each remedial action taken or to be taken.

## C. <u>Capacity-Related Sewer Segment Replacements</u>

The City shall identify all Sewer Segments renewed or replaced in the previous Fiscal Year due to capacity constraints and all Sewer Segments that are scheduled for renewal or replacement in the following year due to capacity constraints, generally in accordance with the column and row headings of the table following:

**Capacity-Related Sewer Segment Replacements** 

Fiscal Year	Sewer Segment List
(Previous)	X
(Next)	X

#### D. Sanitary Sewer System Hydraulic Model Updates

The City shall provide a list of sanitary sewer system hydraulic models updated.

#### VII. Wet Weather Facilities

The City shall provide a summary of all activities performed in the previous Fiscal Year including, as appropriate, a summary of pilot study activities, LOA activities, sampling results and analysis, status of Pilot Testing Result Report, status of Full Scale Treatment Plan, and status of the Remedial Measures Plan. In addition, the City shall specify any non-effluent maintenance-related permit violations involving the WWFs. After any applicable deadline specified in Paragraphs 21(a) or 24(b), the City shall provide the number of discharges from the Scott Street WWF, if any.

	Date of Discharge(s), if any	Non-effluent permit violation(s), if any	Narrative of activity taken toward pilot study implementation, full-scale treatment implementation, or discharge elimination
WWF Name	X	Х	

#### **VIII.** Condition Assessment

#### A. Condition Assessment Summary

The City shall provide a tabular summary of Gravity Sewer Mains and Manholes, Force Mains, and Lift Stations inspected generally in accordance with the column and row headings of the tables following:

#### **Gravity Sewer Main Inspection Summary**

Total Gravity Sewer miles	Unique miles inspected in Fiscal Year X	Cumulative unique miles inspected from Effective Date	Unique miles of inspections scheduled for next Fiscal Year	Unique miles remaining to be inspected within 10 years or (if after 10 years) within 15 years from Effective Date
XX	XX	XX	xx	XX

#### **Manhole Inspection Summary**

Total manholes	Unique manholes inspected in Fiscal Year X	Cumulative unique manholes inspected from Effective Date	Unique manholes remaining to be inspected within 10 years or (if after 10 years) within 15 years from Effective Date
XX	XX	xx	xx

#### **Early Year Targeted Inspection Summary**

Total unique miles inspected in Fiscal Year X	Has requirement to inspect 1,500 unique miles within 2 years of Effective Date been met?
xx	Yes, No, or cumulative total from Effective Date

#### **Preventive Inspection Summary**

Total (repeat) miles inspected in Fiscal Year X	Has requirement to re-inspect 82.5 Miles been met?	
XX	Yes or No	

#### **B.** Force Main Assessment Program

The City shall provide a tabular summary of force main inspections performed in the Fiscal Year in accordance with the elements included in the following table:

#### **Force Main Inspection Summary**

Unique miles inspected in Fiscal Year X	Cumulative unique miles inspected from Effective Date	Miles of inspections scheduled for next Fiscal Year	Miles of inspections to be completed within 10 Years of Effective Date
xx	XX	XX	XX

#### C. Lift Station Assessment Program

The City shall provide a tabular summary of the lift stations inspected in the Fiscal Year generally in accordance with the column and row headings of the following table:

#### **Lift Station Inspection Summary**

	Inspections completed in Fiscal Year X	Cumulative inspections completed from Effective Date	Inspections scheduled for next Fiscal Year	Inspections to be completed within 10 Years of Effective Date
Number of Lift Stations	XX	XX	XX	XX

#### D. Condition Assessment Results

The City shall provide a tabular summary of results of the condition assessments by type of asset performed in the Fiscal Year generally in accordance with the column and row headings of the following table:

#### **Condition Categorization Summary in Fiscal Year X**

Condition Category	Miles of Gravity Sewer Mains	Number of Manholes
NASSCO Grade 1 – Very Good	XX	XX
NASSCO Grade 2 – Good	XX	XX
NASSCO Grade 3 – Fair	XX	XX
NASSCO Grade 4 – Poor	XX	XX
NASSCO Grade 5 – Very Poor	XX	XX

<sup>\*</sup>Provide a list of the Force Main and Lift Station defects identified during the Fiscal Year, and a list and locational map of identified Category 4 and 5 Gravity Sewer Mains and manholes.

#### Assets to be remediated based upon Condition Categorization Summary

	Miles of Gravity Sewer Main	Number of manholes	Miles of Force Mains	Number of Lift Stations
Fiscal Year	xx	XX	XX	XX

#### **E.** Condition Remedial Summary

The City shall provide a tabular summary of condition remedial measures completed and WCTS assets identified for condition remedial measures generally in accordance with the column and row headings of the tables following:

#### **WCTS Asset Remedial Measures Completed**

Miles of Gravity Sewer Mains	Number of Manholes	Miles of Force Mains	Number of Lift Stations
Fiscal Year	XX	XX	XX
Next Fiscal Year	XX	XX	XX

<sup>\*</sup>Provide a list of the Force Main and Lift Station defects remediated during the Fiscal Year, and a list and locational map of remediated Category 4 and 5 Gravity Sewer Mains and manholes.

#### **Gravity Sewer and Lift Station Remediation Requirements**

Percent of all Gravity	Met CD	Percent of all Lift	Met CD
Sewer Mains	Paragraph 36	Stations	Paragraph 37
Remediated/Replaced in	requirement	Remediated/Replaced	requirement
Fiscal Year X	(2.5%)?	in Fiscal Year X	(5%)?
XX	Y/N	xx	Y/N

### IX. Wastewater Treatment Plants (WWTPs)

Provide a tabular summary of WWTP corrective actions scheduled and WWTP corrective actions completed during the previous Fiscal Year generally in accordance with the column and row headings of the tables following:

#### **WWTP Corrective Actions Scheduled**

WWTP	Corrective Action	Scheduled Date for Completion
XX	XX	XX

#### **WWTP Corrective Actions Completed**

WWTP	Corrective Action	Scheduled Date for Completion	Completion Date
XX	XX	XX	XX

#### X. CMOM

## A. Sewer Cleaning

The City shall provide a tabular summary of Sewer Cleaning activities performed in the Fiscal Year generally in accordance with the column and row headings of the tables following:

#### **Small Diameter System-Wide Program Cleaning Summary**

Total Small Diameter miles	Unique miles cleaned in Fiscal Year X	Cumulative unique miles cleaned from Effective Date	Unique miles remaining to be cleaned within 10 years or (if after 10 years) within 15 years from Effective Date	Percent of Small Diameter miles cleaned during Fiscal Year X
XX	XX	XX	XX	XX

#### **Large Diameter System-Wide Program Cleaning Summary**

Total Large Diameter Miles	Unique miles inspected in Fiscal Year X	Unique miles cleaned in Fiscal Year X	Unique Miles Remaining to be Inspected within 10 years or (if after 10 years) within 15 years from Effective Date	Percent of Large Diameter miles cleaned during Fiscal Year X
xx	XX	XX	XX	XX

#### **Preventive Cleaning Summary**

Total miles cleaned in Fiscal Year X (repeat cleaning)	Has requirement to annually re-clean 275 miles in addition to Program Cleaning been met?
xx	Yes or No

#### **Early Year Targeted Cleaning Summary**

Total unique miles cleaned in Fiscal Year X	Has requirement to clean 1,500 unique miles within 2 Years of Effective Date been met?
xx	Yes, No, or Cumulative Total from Effective Date

#### **B.** Root Control

The City shall describe its yearly root control activities, including a map identifying Sewer Segments where root control activities were conducted.

## C. Fats, Oils, and Grease (FOG) Program

The City shall provide a tabular summary of the FOG Program activities performed in the Fiscal Year generally in accordance with the column headings of the table following:

#### **FOG Program Inspections and Enforcement Actions**

Number of Permitted FOG Generators at End of FY	Number of FOG Program Interceptor Inspections During FY	Number of FOG Generators Not Inspected During Previous 3 FYs	Number of Enforcement Actions Initiated During FY
XX	XX	XX	XX

#### **D. CMOM - Private Laterals**

The City shall provide a tabular summary regarding Private Lateral wastewater releases that impact or threaten to impact the MS4 generally in accordance with the column and row headings of the table below:

#### **Private Lateral Wastewater Releases**

Location of Private Lateral	Date of Wastewater Release
xx	xx
XX	XX

#### **Private Lateral Wastewater Releases Remediated**

Private Laterals Remediated from written/verbal Notification	Private Laterals Remediated from Inspections by HHD or BCE	Private Laterals Remediated from a Fine	Private Laterals Remediated from Suspension of Service	Private Laterals Not Remediated Despite City Efforts
xx	XX	XX	XX	XX

#### E. Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)

The City shall provide copies of SOPs that were substantively updated in the Fiscal Year, if any, as described in Paragraph 88 of the Consent Decree.

#### F. Advanced Sewer System Monitoring

	Number of advanced Sewer System monitors installed during FY	Total number of advanced Sewer System monitors installed since Effective Date	Total number of advanced Sewer System monitors currently maintained by City
Fiscal Year	X	X	X

#### **XI.** Inaccessible/Nonexistent or Unlocatable Assets

The City shall provide a list identifying assets that the City was unable to inspect or clean because the asset was inaccessible, nonexistent, or not located.

# **XII.** Modifications

The City shall provide a summary of written agreements pursuant to Section XXI of the Consent Decree.